INSTRUCTION MANUAL

FOR

TYPES MTF-100A, MTF-101, AND

MTF-102A MICROWAVE TUNING FRAMES

WATKINS-JOHNSON COMPANY (85)
700 QUINCE ORCHARD ROAD
GAITHERSBURG, MARYLAND 20760

This equipment employs voltages which are dangerous and may be fatal if contacted. Extreme caution should be exercised in working with the equipment with any of the protective covers removed.

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Table 1-1. Types MTF-100A and MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Specifications

Equipment Mounting Accommodations MTF-100A	Type TH-Series Tuning Head (2) Type TH-Series Tuning Head (2)
In/Out Interfacing MTF-100A	RF in, AFC/Fine Tuning, AGC, LO out, 160 MHz IF out, *21.4 MHz IF out, Analog Tune out, 160 MHz IF in (from MTF-101), Tuner Indi- cator out, and all operating voltages for 4 tuning heads (2 mounted in MTF-101)
MTF-101	RF in, 160 MHz IF out, LO out, AFC/Fine Tuning and AGC (from MTF-100A), Analog Tune out (to MTF-100A), and all operating voltages for 2 tuning heads (from MTF-100A)
IF Outputs	
MTF-100A	160 MHz IF of 1 of 4 tuners selected by operator. Selected IF also down converted to 21.4 MHz. 160 MHz (2), 50Ω nominal imped-
	ance.
Analog Tuning Output	-10 V to +10 V, from low band edge to high band edge, linear to within \pm 1%.
Tuner Indicator Outputs (MTF-100A only).	+15 V on the output corresponding to the selected tuner; 0 V on the other three outputs (unselected tuners).
AGC Input	+10 V for zero signal to +1 V to large signal, or 0 V for zero signal to -12 V for large signal. Circuitboard jumper selectable.
AFC Input	± 2 V nominal. Positive-going voltage causes a decrease in tuned frequency. Polarity reversible at circuit board, if required.

Table 1-1. Types MTF-100A and MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Specifications (Continued)

Front Panel Controls MTF-100A	PUSH ON/OFF POWER, FINE TUNING, TUNER SELECT, and AFC
MTF-101	None (controlled by MTF-100A)
Input Power	115/220 V ac, ± 10%, 48-420 Hz (MTF-100A only)
Power Consumption	50 watts, approximately, with four tuners installed.
Power Supply Outputs	+150 V dc, +15 V dc, +12 V dc, +6 V dc, -15 V dc, 32 V ac, 24 V ac, (YIG Heater Voltage), 5 V ac.
Operating Temperature	0° C to +50° C (+32° F to +122° F)
Dimensions MTF-100A MTF-101	3.5 inches high, 19 inches wide, 18 inches deep. 3.5 inches high, 13 inches wide, 16.5 inches deep.
Weight	35 lbs., approximately, with two tuning heads installed.
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Table 1-2. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Specifications

Table 1-2. Type Will Tobil Micro	
Equipment Mounting Accommodations	Type TH-Series Tuning Head (1)
In/Out Interfacing	RF in, AFC/Fine Tuning, AGC, LO out, 160 MHz IF out, *21.4 MHz IF out, Signal Monitor out, Analog Tune out, and all op- erating voltages for 1 tuning head.
IF Outputs	160 MHz and 21.4 MHz (50 Ω nominal impedance)
Analog Tuning Output	-10 V to +10 V from low band edge to high band edge, linear to within $\pm 1\%$.
AGC Input	+10 V for zero signal to +1 V for large signal, or 0 V for zero signal to -12 V for large signal. Circuit-board jumper selectable.
AFC Input	± 2 V nominal. Positive-going voltage causes a decrease in tuned frequency. Polarity reversible at circuit board if required.
Front Panel Controls	PUSH ON/OFF POWER, AFC, FINE TUNING.
Input Power	$115/220 \text{ V ac}, \pm 10\%, 48-420 \text{ Hz}.$
Power Consumption	22 watts, approximately, with tuning head installed.
Power Supply Outputs	+150 V dc, +15 V dc, +12 V dc, +6 V dc, -15 V dc, 32 V ac, 24 V ac, 5 V ac.
Operating Temperature	0° C to +50° C (+32° F to +122° F)
Dimensions	3.5 inches high, 19 inches wide, 18 inches deep
Weight	16 lbs., approximately, with tuning head installed.

^{*} Bandwidth of 21.4 MHz IF limited to 8 MHz.

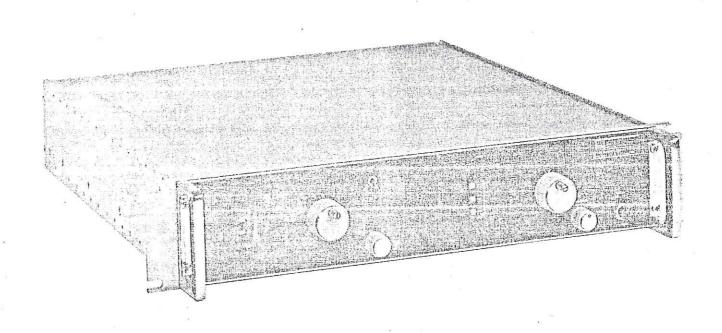


Figure 1-1. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Front View.

SECTION I

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1.1.1 The Types MTF-100A, MTF-101, and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames are designed to mount the Watkins-Johnson TH-Series microwave tuning heads and provide the necessary power and interface connections for their operation. The RF, IF, and LO jacks for signal interfacing all have 50 Ω nominal impedances.
- 1.1.2 MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame. The MTF-100A accommodates two microwave tuning heads. Power supply assemblies in the frame provide the necessary dc and ac voltages for operating these tuning heads and can also power two additional tuning heads installed in the MTF-101. Supply voltages are given in Table 1-1.
- 1.1.3 A front-panel TUNER SELECT switch allows the operator to place any one of four tuners on-line (in full operation with tuner outputs routed to the frame output jacks). Tuners 1 and 2 are located in the MTF-100A left and right hand sides, respectively, as viewed from the front. Tuners 3 and 4 are located in the MTF-101. The tuners not on-line are in a standby condition and receive YIG heater, filament and oscillator supply voltages, if needed. The TUNER Select switch connects +150 V dc, +15 V dc, +6 V dc, -15 V dc, and 5 V ac to the selected tuner to make it operational and also routes the tuner IF outputs and Analog Tune voltage to the frame output jacks.
- 1.1.4 The 160 MHz IF output of the selected tuner divides into two signal paths. One path leads to a 160 MHz IF Output jack where the signal may be applied to a demodulator such as the Watkins-Johnson DM-112. The other path is through a $160/21.4~\mathrm{MHz}$ down converter to a 21.4 MHz IF Output jack where the signal may be applied to demodulator such as the Watkins-Johnson DM-4().
- 1.1.5 AGC voltage from the demodulator may be returned to the MTF-100A for application in parallel to the four tuning heads. The MTF-100A also accepts AFC voltages from the demodulator for processing and parallel application to the four tuning heads. A front panel ON/AFC switch enables or disables the AFC function. When the AFC is disabled, the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer controls the AFC voltage to the tuning heads.
- 1.1.6 MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame. The MTF-101 accommodates two microwave tuning heads. Power for the tuning heads is obtained

from a MTF-100A via a rear-panel multipin power interface connector and cable. In addition to power, the interface cable carries AGC and AFC/Fine Tuning to the MTF-101. Analog Tune voltages are returned from the MTF-101 to the MTF-100A via this cable. The two 160 MHz IF outputs from the tuning heads are available at BNC connectors on the rear panel for direct use by demodulators or routing to the MTF-100A for selection and conversion to 21.4 MHz. The two tuner LO outputs are available at the rear panel of the MTF-101.

- The MTF-102A accom-MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame. 1.1.7 Tuner operating voltages are promodates one microwave tuning head. vided by a built-in power supply identical to that used in the MTF-100A. The 160 MHz IF from the tuning Table 1-2 gives the supply voltages. head is routed to a rear panel jack and to the built-in 160/21.4 MHz converter in the frame. The 21.4 MHz output of the down converter is available at the 21.4 MHz IF Output jack via a 3 dB attenuator (high level) and at a Signal Monitor Output jack via a 10 dB attenuator (low level). AGC and AFC voltages may be returned to the MTF-102A from a demodulator such as the Watkins-Johnson DM-4() or DM-112. A front panel ON/AFC switch allows the operator to disable the external AFC and utilize the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer for fine frequency tuning. The LO output of the tuning head is available at the rear panel.

1.2 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1.2.1 The Types MTF-100A, -101, -102A Microwave Tuning Frames mount in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. Critical dimensions of the frames are given in Figures 3-4 through 3-6. The chassis are constructed of aluminum. The front panels are finished with gray enamel and overlaid with black anodized bezels etched with control markings. Openings in the front panels permit viewing of the tuning dials. Holes in the front panels of all units accommodate the manual tuning drive-shafts, on which knobs must be installed. In addition, the MTF-100A mounts a POWER pushbutton/indicator switch, a FINE TUNING control, a TUNER SELECT switch, and an AFC ON/off switch. The MTF-102A front panel mounts PUSH ON/OFF POWER switch, a FINE TUNING control, and an AFC ON/off switch. The MTF-101 has no front panel controls except the tuning head knobs.
- 1.2.2 The rear panels of all units mount all of the input and output connectors. The rear panels of the MTF-100A and -102A each mount two ac line fuses, an ac power selector slide switch, and a permanently attached power cord, in addition to RF, IF, and control inputs and outputs. The rear panel of the MTF-101 mounts a multipin connector for interfacing with the MTF-100A, plus RF, IF, and LO signal jacks.

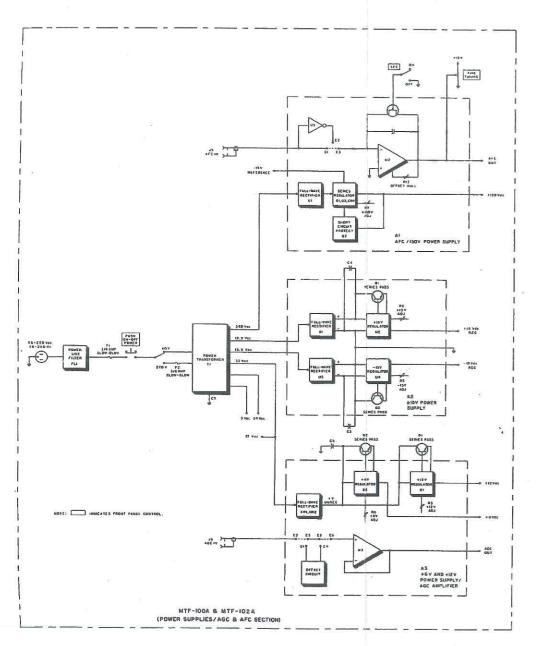
1.2.3 Mounted within the MTF-100A and -102A are three printed circuit subassemblies which mate with edge-connectors on the chassis. The IF couplers (A4) and 120/21.4 MHz converter (A5) subassemblies are enclosed in nickel-plated brass chassis.

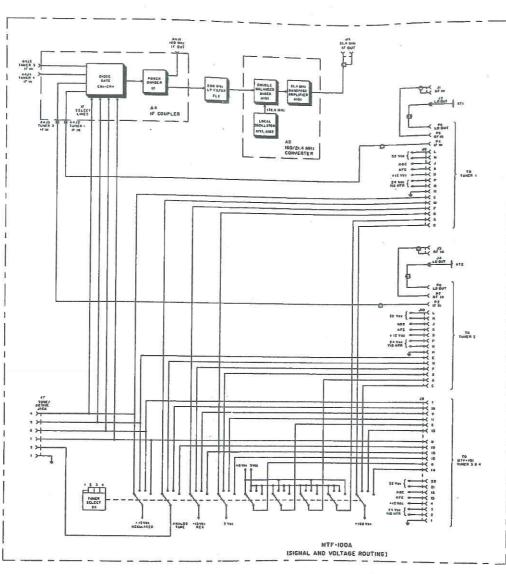
1.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED

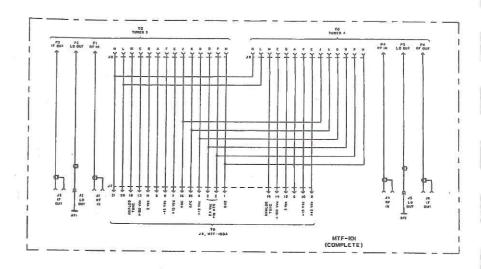
This equipment consists only of the Type MTF-100A, MTF-101, or MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame.

1.4 EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

The Types MTF-100A and MTF-102A perform no function unless one or more Watkins-Johnson Type TH-Series Tuning Heads are installed. The MTF-101 must be used in conjunction with a MTF-100A unit. In addition, an IF demodulator such as the Type DM-4() or DM-112 is required.







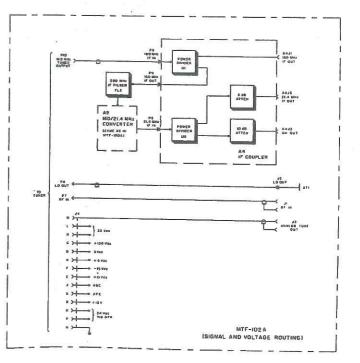


Figure 2-1. Type MTF-100A, MTF-101, and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames, Functional Block Diagram.

SECTION II

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL

A complete description of the circuits in the Type MTF-100A, -101, -102A Microwave Tuning Frames is presented in the following paragraphs using the functional block diagram Figure 2-1, and the schematic diagrams, Figures 6-1 through 6-10. The unit numbering method is used for subassemblies and components which means that a prefix is included before the usual class letter and number of the item (such as A1R1 and A4R8). These prefixes are omitted on the illustrations and in the text except in those cases where confusion might result from their omission.

2.2 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The power supplies, AFC, and AGC circuits are fabricated in three separate subassemblies which are identical in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A. Paragraphs 2. 2. 1- 2. 2. 3 describe the basic operation of these subassemblies.

- 2.2.1 As shown in Figure 2-1, ac power is switched to power transformer T1 after RFI filtering by FL1. The 115/220 V Select Switch, S2, switches the tapped transformer primary to match the applied input power source and also selects the appropriate fuse for transformer protection. Voltages from T1's secondary are applied to three subassemblies where after rectification, filtering, and regulation, produce +150 V dc, +15 V dc, +12 V dc, +6 V dc, and -15 V dc. T1 also provides a 24 V ac YIG heater supply and a 5 V ac supply. The routing of the supply voltages within the frames is described in following paragraphs.
- 2.2.2 AFC signal processing in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A is performed by part of the circuitry contained on the A1 subassembly (AFC/150 V power supply). External AFC from a demodulator unit is applied to rear panel jack J5 and routed to an integrating amplifier in the A1 subassembly. Circuit board jumpers on the A1 card are provided to make the AFC signal polarity compatible to the TH-Series Tuning Heads. A front panel ON/AFC switch allows the operator to disable the external AFC and perform fine tuning only by the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer.
- 2.2.3 A portion of the A3 subassembly (+6 V and +12 V power supply/AGC amplifier) processes the AGC voltage in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A. External AGC signals from a demodulator unit may be ap-

plied to rear panel jack J6 which feeds a voltage follower on the A3 card. The A3 card also contains an offset circuit which may be connected by circuit board jumpers to make the AGC polarity compatible with the TH-Series tuning heads. Tables 1-1 and 1-2 give the AGC input levels acceptable. With no external connection to AGC IN jack J6, the voltage follower in subassembly A3 allows the tuning head to operate with maximum gain.

- MTF-100A Voltage Routing. The MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame has the capability of routing operating voltages to one of four tuning heads. As shown in Figure 2-1, interface connectors J8 and J10 connect all supply voltages to TUNER 1 and TUNER 2 respectively. face connector J9 routes all of the supply voltages to TUNER 3 and TUNER 4 (mounted in a MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame). TUNER SELECT switch S4, a 3-deck rotary wafer switch, is used to switch operating voltages to the tuning head selected by the operator. Some of the supply voltages are hardwired in the frame to the tuning head interface These voltages (+12 V dc, 32 V ac, and YIG heater 24 V $\,$ ac) are constantly applied to all tuning heads as long as the MTF-100A power is on and maintains the heads in a standby condition. of wafer switch S4 provides standby filament voltage for tube-equipped tuning heads. When not on-line, the standby tuners receive 5 V ac via the +6 V dc filament supply lines.
- Distribution of RF, LO, AGC, and MTF-100A Signal Routing. AFC signals within the MTF-100A is accomplished by wiring shown in RF signals from the antenna, applied to RF IN jack J1, go to TUNER 1 via connector plug P5. Likewise. RF signals fed to RF IN jack J3 go to TUNER 2 via connector plug P7. A sample coupled from the LO in TUNER 1 is routed to LO OUT jack J2 which is fitted with a coaxial termination plug, AT1. Similarly, a sample coupled from the LO in TUNER 2 is coupled to LO OUT jack J4 and coaxial termination The termination plugs serve to properly maintain the LO output lines with 50 Ω impedances and prevent stray radiation. that RF and LO signals for TUNER 3 and TUNER 4 are not routed through the MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame because connection is made directly at the MTF-101. AFC and AGC signals are carried to all installed tuning heads by interface connectors J8, J9, and J10. interface connectors also return the analog tuning voltage from each tuning head to TUNER SELECT switch S4. The selected analog voltage is available from S4 at the TUNE/ACTIVE JACK J7. This jack also provides for external monitoring of the selected tuner by carrying +15 V dc on one of the select logic pins 4 through 7. In addition, +15 V dc is routed from S4 on one of the IF select lines to the A4 subassembly. select lines will be high in accordance with the tuner selected. 160 MHz IF of each tuning head is brought in to IF coupler subassembly

A4 where the diode gate, controlled by the IF select lines, passes only the selected IF. In power divider U1 the 160 MHz IF is separated into two paths and then routed to A4J1 (160 MHz IF OUT) and to the down converter via a low pass filter. In the 160/21.4 MHz converter, A5, the 160 MHz IF modulates a 138.6 MHz carrier in double balance mixer A1U1 and the resulting 21.4 MHz is fed to J11, 21.4 MHz IF OUT.

- 2.2.6 MTF-101 Voltage and Signal Routing. AFC, AGC, Analog Tune, and all operating voltages are distributed to TUNER 3 and TUNER 4 installed in the MTF-101 at interface connector J7 of this unit. An interconnecting cable assembly joins J7 on the MTF-101 with J9 on the MTF-100A for interfacing power and tuner control. RF, LO, and IF signals are directly routed to the rear panel BNC connectors as shown in Figure 2-1.
- MTF-102A Voltage and Signal Routing. All operating voltages for the tuning head installed in the MTF-102A are produced by the builtin power supply assemblies and routed via interface connector J4. connector also carries AFC, AGC, and Analog Tune voltages. The 160 MHz IF from the tuning head is routed to the IF COUPLER subassembly A4. (The A4 module in the MTF-102A differs from the A4 module In the power divider U1, the IF signal is coupled in the MTF-100A.) out to A4J1 (160 MHz IF OUT) and to the down converter via low pass After down conversion in the A5 subassembly the 21.4 MHz IF is routed back to the IF COUPLER subassembly A4 into power divider U2. One half of the 21.4 MHz IF goes through a 3 dB resistive attenuator The other half of the 21.4 MHz passes to A4J3, 21.4 MHz IF OUT. through a 10 dB attenuator and is available at A4J2 for signal monitoring.

2.3 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Type 76228 AFC/150 V Power Supply (A1). - The schematic diagram for the AFC/150 V power supply subassembly used in the MTF-100A and -102A is Figure 6-1. The power supply section consists of full wave rectifier, U1, followed by a series regulator. ure 2-2 is a simplified schematic of the regulator circuitry. voltage for emitter follower Q1 is set by voltage-sensing amplifier Q3, constant current diode CR4, and biasing resistor R1. The amount of current flowing through R1 to the junction of Q3 and R2 varies to control For example, an increase in the +150 V output is the regulator output. felt by the base of Q3 which causes a corresponding increase in the collector current of Q3. Since the current through R2 and CR4 is constant, the current through R1 must decrease, causing a decrease in forward bias for series transistor Q1. The increased impedance of Q1 causes the output voltage to drop until the error signal at the base of Q3 is

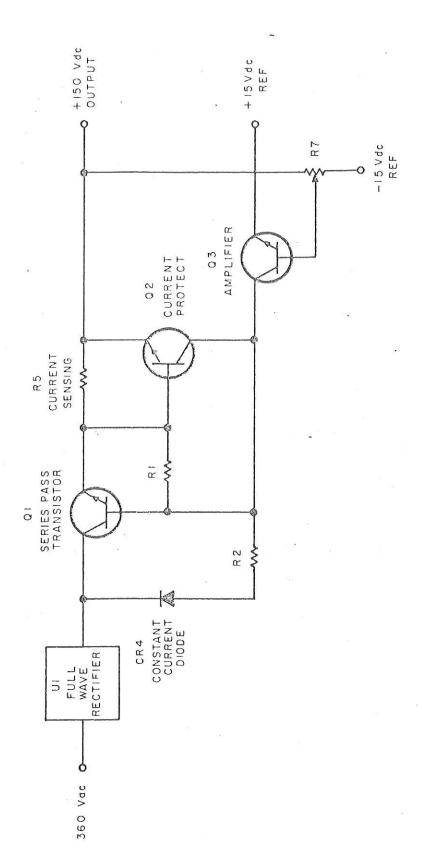


Figure 2-2. +150 V Regulator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

corrected. Short circuit protection is afforded by current control transistor Q2. Normally, Q2 is cut off and does not affect the operation of the circuit. If the drop across current-sensing resistor R5 becomes as large as 0.4 or 0.5 volt, however, Q2 will begin to conduct through R2, which will override the normal control current through R1 for Q1. Thus, the upper current limit of Q1 cannot rise above the point at which Q2 starts to conduct and the total output current of the supply is limited to a preset maximum value. As shown in Figure 6-1, 91 volt zener diode VR1 provides protection for the constant current diode, CR4. Silicon diode CR1 limits the direction of current flow through R1. R7 is the voltage adjustment for the regulator. Note that +15 V and -15 V (from the A2 subassembly) provide a reference source for amplifier Q3.

- The AFC portion of the A1 subassembly is AFC Circuitry. shown at the left hand side of Figure 6-1. The AFC voltage from an external demodulator discriminator is applied through AFC IN jack J6 of the main chassis to module pin 15. This dc voltage, ± 2 V nominal, is routed by circuit board jumpers connecting E1 to E3 to the inverting input of operational amplifier U2 through R11. With the front panel AFC switch in the ON position, field-effect transistor Q4 is cut off by -15 V In this mode Q4 is effectively out of the circuit and U2 functions as an integrating amplifier. Resistor R11 and the non-polarized capacitance of C4-C5 provide the integrating function. tegration, a small AFC input voltage will provide a continually increasing AFC output voltage until the LO frequency error is virtually zero. put voltage from U2 is coupled through R14 to module pin 20 which connects to the local oscillator varactor diode in the tuning head. CR3 prevents the voltage at the junction of R14 and R15 from ever going more negative than -0.6 volts to protect the varactor diode. meter R13 allows adjustment of U2 for zero volts output with zero volts Placing the front panel AFC switch to the OFF position places a ground at pin 16 of the circuit board. With zero volts at the gate of Q4, the FET switches on which reduces the gain of U2 to nearly unity. this mode, only the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer has control of the AFC output. Resistor R15 serves to isolate the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer from the AFC loop when the integrating amplifier Circuit board jumpers of the A1 subassembly can be changed to make the circuitry compatible with demodulators whose AFC voltage a positive input frequency change (see note 5 of is negative for Figure 6-1). Operational amplifier U3 which provides signal inversion with unity gain can be placed in the circuit input by jumpering E2 to E3.

2.3.3 Type $76210-1 \pm 15$ V Power Supply (A2). - The schematic diagram of the ± 15 V power supply used in the MTF-100A and -102A is Figure 6-2. A pair of identical circuits is used on A2 to generate the +15 V and -15 V outputs. The versatility of the circuit arrangement on

this module is such that by grounding specific pins either positive or negative voltage can be obtained. The +15 V is taken from pin 13 of the module via series pass transistor Q1 and IC regulator U2. Pin 17 is grounded for this regulator. Resistor R5 of the main chassis is connected between module pins 20 and 13 to set output current limiting. The -15 V is taken from pin 9 and is regulated by series pass transistor Q2 and IC regulator U4. Pin 11 is grounded for this configuration. Resistor R4 of the main chassis is connected between module pins 4 and 11 to set output current limiting. Full wave bridge rectifiers U1 and U3 receive 19 V ac from the power transformer, T1. Potentiometers R2 and R5 are used to set the outputs voltages of the +15 V supply and the -15 V supply, respectively.

- Type 76229 +6 V and +12 V Power Supply/AGC Amplifier (A3). The schematic diagram of the A3 subassembly used in the MTF-100A The full wave rectifier consisting of CR1 and -102A is Figure 6-3. and CR2 receives 32 V ac from transformer T1. Series pass transistor Q1 of the main chassis is heat-sink mounted on the frame and works in conjunction with IC regulator U1 to regulate the +12 V supply. tiometer R3 is the voltage set for the regulator, U1. Resistor R1 sets output current limiting. Series pass transistor Q2 is also mounted on the chassis, along with IC regulator U2, regulates the +6 V supply. Current limiting is set by R9 and resistor R6 is the +6 V adjust. The AGC portion of the module consists of a voltage follower and an offset circuit. The circuit board jumpers are shown connected in Figure 6-3 for use with a demodulator whose output AGC is 1 V for a strong signal and +10 V This AGC is routed to the non-inverting for a weak signal (see Note 6). input of voltage follower U3 which provides sufficient output current for up to four tuning heads. For demodulators whose output AGC is -12 V for a strong signal and 0 V for a weak signal the circuit board jumpers are changed (see Note 6). The AGC now receives positive offset by 10 V zener diode VR1 and R13. A zero volt AGC signal applied to the anode of VR1 produces +10 V at the cathode which is jumpered via E4 to E6 to the non-inverting input of U3. A -12 V AGC signal at the anode of VR1 produces -2 V at the cathode. Current flow through CR3 and R12 clamps the maximum negative input at U3 to approximately -0.7 volts. Silicon diode CR4 clamps the maximum positive anode voltage of VR1 at approximately +0.7 volts.
- 2.3.5 Type 791168 IF Coupler (A4). Figure 6-4 is the schematic diagram for the IF coupler subassembly used only in the MTF-100A. The 160 MHz IF outputs of TUNER 1, 2, 3, and 4, connect to IF IN jacks J2, J5, J3, and J4 respectively on the A4 subassembly. Diode gating is used to isolate the tuning heads and to select one of the IF inputs for routing on to the power divider, U1. Four IF select lines from the front panel TUNER SELECT switch connect to feed-through ca-

pacitors C1 through C4. One of these lines carries +15 V dc to switch the appropriate diode on and the remaining diodes off. If for example, TUNER 1 is selected, the IF select line connected to feed-through capacitor C1 is high (+15 V) and the other lines are low. With +15 V at the junction of R1 and R5, diode CR1 is forward biased and passes the IF signal applied at J2 on through to C5. The cathode of forward biased CR1 has a potential of approximately +5 V (note current path through R9) which reverse biases CR2, CR3, and CR4 blocking the IF signal. The power divider, U1, is a transformer that divides the signal fed to the primary (pin 1) for two half power outputs. One -3 dB 160 MHz IF signal is fed from pin 2 of U1 to J6 where it is further routed to a down converter. The other -3 dB 160 MHz IF signal is fed from pin 3 of U1 to J1 which is the rear panel 160 MHz IF OUT jack on the frame.

Type 17188 160/21.4 MHz Converter. - The schematic diagram for the 160/21.4 MHz converter board used in the MTF-100A and -102A It is housed in a brass enclosure, A5, whose schematic is Figure 6-7. All components other than connectors are mounted on is Figure 6-6. In the MTF-100A, the 160 MHz IF the printed circuit board, A5A1. input applied to E1 is the selected IF of one of four tuning heads while in the MTF-102A the IF input is from the one tuning head installed. In both types of frames, the A5 assemblies are identical. The crystal controlled oscillator, Q2, injects 138.6 MHz into the double balanced Transistor Q2 is used in a grounded base configuration. mixer, U1. Selectable resistor R16 introduces degeneration to minimize spurious Resistors R13 and R14 form a voltage divider to supply base bias, while R11 and R12 supply emitter current. The tuned tank consisting of L1 and C3 is paralled by C4 and C5 to provide positive feedback to the emitter. Capacitor C3 is variable to supply frequency tuning. L2 neutralizes stray capacitance of the crystal holder. A pad composed R1, R2, and R3 isolates the oscillator from the nonlinear input impedance The $160 \; \text{MHz}$ modulates the $138.6 \; \text{MHz}$ LO signal and the sum and difference frequencies resulting from the heterodyning are cou-Transistor Q1 is a high power common emitter voltage pled out via C2. amplifier biased by divider R4-R6. The stage receives both the upper (298.6 MHz) and lower (21.4 MHz) sidebands from the balanced mixer U1. The tank circuit in the collector of Q1 (-C9, C14, and T1-) is tuned to 21.4 MHz by C9 and only the lower sideband is coupled via auto transformer T1 to E3, the 21.4 MHz IF output. Capacitor C6 provides neutralization for the stage and resistor R17 is the output level adjust. In the MTF-100A, the output from E3 is directly routed to the rear panel In the MTF-102A, the output from E3 jack J11, 21.4 MHz IF OUT. leads back to the IF coupler subassembly, A4.

2.3.7 Type 791170 IF Coupler (A4). - The schematic diagram for the IF coupler used only in the MTF-102A is Figure 6-5. The installed

tuning head 160 MHz IF signal connects to J4 and power divider U1. One -3 dB 160 MHz IF is routed from the transformer power divider to the rear panel 160 MHz IF OUTPUT jack, J1. The other -3 dB IF from U1 is sent to the 160/21.4 MHz down converter via J5. The 21.4 MHz IF from the down converter returns to the A4 subassembly at J6 where it is coupled by C1 into power divider U2. In U2 the IF is divided into half power outputs and sent to SM OUTPUT jack, J2 through a 10 dB attenuator and to 21.4 MHz IF OUTPUT jack J3 through a 3 dB attenuator.

SECTION III

INSTALLATION AND INSPECTION

3.1 UNPACKING AND INSPECTION

- 3.1.1 Examine the shipping carton for damage before the equipment is unpacked. If the carton has been damaged, try to have the carrier's agent present when the equipment is unpacked. If not, retain the shipping cartons and padding material for the carrier's inspection if damage to the equipment is evident after it has been unpacked.
- 3.1.2 See that the equipment is complete as listed on the packing slip. Contact Watkins-Johnson Company, Gaithersburg, or your Watkins-Johnson representative with details of any shortage.
- 3.1.3 The unit was thoroughly inspected and factory adjusted for optimum performance prior to shipment. It is, therefore, ready for use upon receipt. After uncrating and checking contents against the packing slip, visually inspect all exterior surfaces for dents and scratches. If external damage is visible, remove the dust covers and inspect the internal components for apparent damage. Then check the internal cables for loose connections, and plug-in items such as printed wiring boards (MTF-100A and -102A only), which may have been loosened from their receptacles.

3.2 INSTALLATION

3.2.1 Rack/Mounting Support. - The MTF Series Microwave Tuning Frames are designed for assembly in a standard 19-inch rack in accordance with MIL-STD-189 and E.I.A. Standard RS-310. Due to the equipment weight to front panel height ratio, it is recommended that some means be devised to support the sides and/or rear panel apron of the frame. In addition to the front panel mounting hardware, a shelf, rear panel brace, or chassis slides may be used for the rack installation. The chassis slide mounting technique should be considered for the advantages of ease of tuning head installation and removal, access to cable connections in the frame, and access to the rear apron of the equipment. Additional information, such as mobile equipment installation, can be obtained from your Watkins-Johnson representative.

NOTE

To facilitate system cabling, it is recommended that the MTF-101 be mounted directly above or below its associated MTF-100A. Prior to rack mounting, refer to paragraph 3.2.3 for tuning head installation.

- 3.2.2 Thermal Considerations. The equipment is designed for operational temperatures between 0° C and +50° C (32° F and 122° F). The operational temperature range is further qualified for free, unrestricted ambient air at sea level pressure. Equipment installation should provide for free flow of air around and through ventilated units. Forcedair ventilation may be necessary to maintain the proper ambient air temperature in an equipment rack, where close vertical stacking contributes to a high thermal density. Additional information may be obtained from your Watkins-Johnson representative.
- 3.2.3 Tuning Head Installation. The procedure for installing a tuning head in the MTF-100A, -101, and -102A is the same. The tools required for the task are: 5/64"Allen wrench, standard blade screwdriver, Phillips head screwdriver, 5/16" open end wrench, 7/32" open end wrench, and a 7/16" nut driver. Proceed as follows:
 - (1) Remove the main tuning knob from the tuning head shaft by loosening the two setscrews with the Allen wrench.
 - (2) Remove the frequency coverage plate from the front of the tuning head and retain the screws. In the case of tuning heads with LED readouts, the new escutheon plate supplied with the unit is to be installed on the front panel of the Microwave Tuning Frame in this step.
 - (3) Assure that the power to the tuning frame is off, then remove the tuning frame top and bottom dust covers.
 - (4) Gain access to the bottom of the tuning frame by extending it out on the chassis slides, or by removing the tuning frame from the equipment rack and placing the frame on its side.
 - (5) From the bottom side of the tuning frame, insert the tuning head, tuning shaft first. Slide the tuning shaft into the hole in the front panel then gently bring the rear of the tuning head into the frame. Take care not to pinch the interconnecting cables or wires on the YIG preselector between the head and the tuning frame. The multipin tuning head power plug should be positioned to extend from the top of the frame in this step.
 - (6) Fasten the head to the tuning frame by using eight 4-40 X 5/16" pan head screws. The screws, with both flat and lock washers, are installed from the top of the tuning frame. Make certain that there are no cables pinched between the head and frame before tightening the screws.

- (7) Install the tuning knob on the tuning head shaft. Install the frequency coverage plate on the frame using the screws retained in step (2) of this procedure. In the case of tuning heads with a LED readout, mount the band select switch in the hole provided in the new escutheon plate. Make certain that the switch wiring is routed so that clearance from the gear train and shafts is assured. Tighten the band select switch retaining nut with a 7/16" nut driver.
- (8) Connect the power and signal interface cables for the tuning head. The designations for the plugs, receptacles, and cables vary in accordance with the Microwave Tuning Frame type, tuning head type, and position in which the tuning head is installed. The illustrations in Section V of this manual may be referred to for the location and designations of the interfacing connectors. Tighten the RG-142B/U cable connectors with a 5/16" open end wrench. Tighten the UG 1466/U subminiature connectors with a 7/32" open end wrench.
 - (a) Tuner Power Interface Connection. Connect the 14 pin male plug from the tuning head to the multipin receptacle on the tuning frame. The receptacle designations are listed below.

Frame Type	Tuner Position	Frame Connector Ref. Desig. Prefix
MTF-100A	1	Ј8
MTF-100A	2	J10
MTF-101	3	Ј8
MTF-101	4	Ј9
MTF-102A	1 80	J4

(b) RF Input Connection. - Connect the RG-142B/U cable from the tuning frame rear panel RF IN jack to the input port of the YIG preselector.

CAUTION

The YIG preselector can be permanently damaged if the RF cable connector is not properly aligned and mated with the RF Input port. The Product Warranty is void where a mating connector has caused center pin movement.

The RF IN (OSM Type) connector designations are listed below.

Frame Type	Tuner Position	Frame Connector Ref. Desig. Prefix
MTF-100A	. 1	P5
MTF-100A MTF-101	2	P7 P1
MTF-101 MTF-102A	4	P4 P7

(c) LO Output Connection. - Connect the RG 142 B/U cable from the LO OUT jack on the tuning frame rear panel to the directional coupler output on the tuning head. The directional coupler output port is identified as the vacant threaded jack of the coupler. The LO cable is the longer of the two RG 142 B/U cables. The LO (Type OSM) connector designations are listed below.

Frame Type	Tuner Position	Frame Connector Ref. Desig. Prefix
MTF-100A	1	P6
MTF-100A	2	P8
MTF-101	3	P2
MTF-101	4	P5
MTF-102A	1	P8

(d) IF Output Connection. - Identify the IF OUT jack of the 160 MHz IF preamplifier A1 located on the tuning head. To this IF OUT jack connect the coax cable fitted with a UG 1466/U subminiature plug. The plug designations are listed below.

Frame Type	Tuner Position	Frame Connector Ref. Desig. Prefix
MTF-100A	1	P4
MTF-100A	2	P2
MTF-101	3	P3
MTF-101	4	P6
MTF-102A	1	P10

- YIG Heater Plug Connections. A Winchester type plug, designated P14, enables the TH-Series tuning head to be installed in and operate with different types of parent equipment. This plug mates with multipin jack J1 on the tuning head and jumpers the YIG heater supply to the appropriate pins. Assure that the installed tuning head has a jumper plug designated P14/MTF inserted into J1 on the tuning head. A plug with a different designation stamped on the cover will cause improper operation of the tuning head installed in a MTF type Microwave Tuning Frame.
- (9) Replace the top and bottom dust covers and return the frame to the equipment rack.
- 3.2.4 <u>Tuning Head Removal.</u> To remove a tuning head, reverse the above procedure. Use caution when extracting the tuning head so that the wiring of the YIG preselector clears the tuning frame chassis. It is not necessary to remove any of the subassemblies, modules, or cables that are premanently affixed to the tuning head.
- 3.2.5 External RF Preamplifier Installation. Provision has been made on the MTF-100A, -101, and -102A for connecting an external RF preamplifier in the TH-Series Tuning Head circuitry. The external RF preamplifier connects between the YIG preselector FL1A and the isolator Z1 as shown in Figure 3-1. Low noise TWT amplifiers such as the Watkins-Johnson WJ 422, WJ 423, and WJ 424 contain their own integral power supplies and cover the frequency ranges of 2.0-4.0 GHz, 4.0-8.0 GHz, and 8.0-12.0 GHz, respectively. Contact your local Watkins-Johnson representative for details and specifications. Installation of the preamplifier is identical for each type of MTF Tuning Frame and for each tuning head position. Follow the procedure as outlined below.
 - (a) Remove the rear apron cover plate marked EX-TERNAL RF PREAMPLIFIER from the tuning frame by removing the two retaining screws.
 - (b) Install the two accessory preamplifier cables so that the Type N connectors extend from 'the rear apron.
 - (c) Remove plugs P1 and P2 of cable assembly W1 from the preselector OUT port of FL1A and the IN port of isolator Z1.

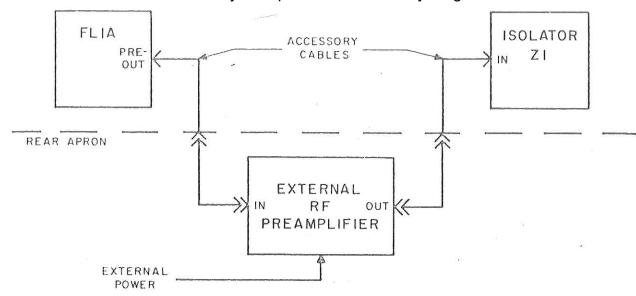
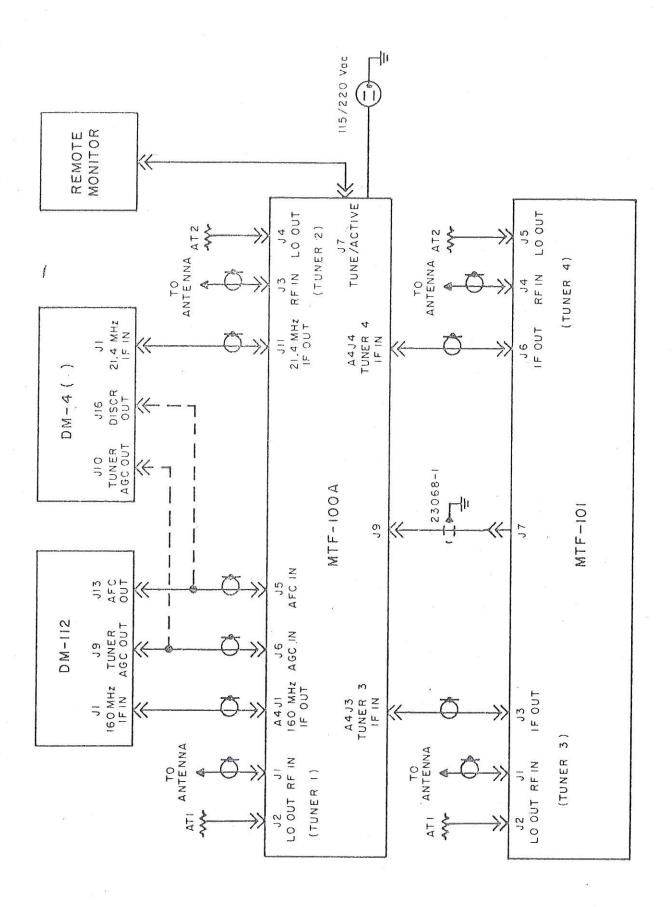


Figure 3-1. External RF Preamplifier Connections

- (d) Complete the installation by connecting the RF preamplifier as shown in Figure 3-1.
- 3.2.6 MTF-100A Input and Output Connections. The system wiring for the MTF-100A and MTF-101 is shown in Figure 3-2. Installation of system interconnecting cables is described in the procedure below. If the MTF-100A is used without the MTF-101 disregard the last two steps of this procedure, 3.2.6.8 and 3.2.6.9.
- 3.2.6.1 Power Connection. Before proceeding be certain that the PUSH ON/OFF POWER switch on the front panel is in the OFF position (pushbutton extended). Check the 115/220 V ac selector switch, S2, at the rear panel to determine that it is set to match the voltage of the ac power source. The switch can be actuated by a small screwdriver. Connect power plug P1 to a source of 115 or 220 V ac at 48-420 Hz. The third wire of the plug grounds the unit so that external grounding is not required. If the two prong to three prong adapter supplied with the unit must be used, be certain that the ground wire is securely connected to a low impedance ground.
- 3.2.6.2 RF Input Connections. Connect the microwave antenna inputs to RF IN jacks J1 and J3 (Type N connectors). Jack J1 connects to the TUNER 1 position and jack J3 connects to the TUNER 2 position.
- 3.2.6.3 IF Output Connections. Connect a cable from the appropriate IF OUT jack on the MTF-100A to the IF input of the demodulator used. BNC jack A4J1 provides a 160 MHz IF and BNC jack J11 provides a 21.4 MHz IF. RG 55B/U cable is recommended for this con-



nection. Figure 3-2 shows the connections if a DM-112 or DM-4 () demodulator is used.

NOTE

Although wiring for both 160 MHz and 21.4 MHz demodulators is shown, only one is normally used at a time.

- 3.2.6.4 AFC Input Connections. Connect the AFC output of the demodulator to the AFC IN jack J5 on the rear panel of the MTF-100A. If the demodulator used does not provide a positive AFC voltage output for a positive IF frequency input change, it will be necessary to change the circuit board jumpers on the A1 subassembly (AFC/150 V power supply). Consult the demodulator instruction manual manual and refer to note 5 of Figure 6-1 for the proper jumper connections for AFC inputs of the opposite polarity.
- 3.2.6.5 AGC Input Connections. Connect the AGC output of the demodulator to the AGC IN jack J6 on the rear panel of the MTF-100A. The frame is factory wired for use with demodulators whose output AGC voltage is +10 V to +1 V. It will be necessary to change the circuit board jumpers on the A3 subassembly for use with demodulators whose output AGC voltage is zero to -12 V. Consult the demodulator instruction manual and refer to note 6 of Figure 6-3 for the proper circuit board jumper connections.
- 3.2.6.6 Tuner LO Outputs. Local oscillator jacks J2 (TUNER 1) and J4 (TUNER 2) are provided for general test and monitoring of the corresponding tuner's local oscillator. When not in use, these jacks should be terminated with the coaxial termination plugs provided.
- 3.2.6.7 Tune/Active Output. Multipin jack J7 provides a means for monitoring the tuner position selected by the MTF-100A and the frequency of that tuner. The analog voltage output on pin 3 of the jack varies from -10~V to +10~V and represents low band edge to high band edge of the selected tuner. The tuner position selected is indicated by +15~V dc switched to pins 4, 5, 6, or 7 of the jack for Tuner 1, 2, 3 or 4.
- 3.2.6.8 Power/Control Interface Connections. Connect multipin jack j9 of the MTF-100A to multipin jack J7 on the rear apron of the MTF-101. Use the interface cable (part number 23062-1) provided with the MTF-101.

- 3.2.6.9 IF Input Connections. Connect J3, IF OUT, of the MTF-101, to rear panel jack A4J3 on the MTF-100A. Connect J6, IF OUT, of the MTF-101, to rear panel jack A4J4 on the MTF-100A.
- 3.2.7 MTF-101 Input and Output Connections. Refer to Figure 3-2 and proceed as follows:
- 3.2.7.1 RF Input Connections. Connect the microwave antenna inputs to RF IN jacks J1 and J4 (Type N connectors). Jack J1 connects to the TUNER 3 position and jack J4 connects to the TUNER 4 position.
- 3.2.7.2 IF Output Connections. Rear panel jacks J3 and J6 are the 160 MHz if outputs of TUNER positions 3 and 4 respectively. Using RF 55B/U cable connect J3 on the MTF-101 to A4J3 on the MTF-100A. Similarly connect J6 of the MTF-101 to A4J4 on the MTF-100A.
- 3.2.7.3 Tuner LO Outputs. Local oscillator jacks J2 (TUNER 3) and J5 (TUNER 4) are provided for general test and monitoring of the corresponding tuner's local oscillator. When not in use, these jacks should be terminated with the coaxial termination plugs provided.
- 3.2.7.4 Power/Control Cable Connections. See paragraph 3.2.6.8.
- 3.2.8 MTF-102A Input and Output Connections. Refer to the MTF-102A system wiring diagram, Figure 3-3, and proceed as follows:
- 3.2.8.1 Power Connection. Follow the procedure given in paragraph 3.2.6.1.
- 3.2.8.2 RF Input Connection. Connect the microwave antenna input to the RF IN jack J1 (Type N connector).
- 3.2.8.3 IF Output Connection. Connect a cable from the appropriate IF OUT jack on the MTF-102A to the IF input of the demodulator used. BNC jack A4J1 provides a 160 MHz IF and BNC jack A4J3 provides a 21.4 MHz IF. Figure 3-3 shows shows the connections to a DM-112 and a DM-() demodulator.
- 3.2.8.4 AFC Input Connection. Connect the AFC output of the demodulator used to the AFC IN jack J5 of the MTF-102A. The equipment is factory wired for use with a demodulator whose output is a positive AFC voltage for a positive IF input frequency change. If the demodulator output is of the opposite polarity, change the circuit board jumpers on the A1 subassembly (AFC/150 V power supply) as explained in note 5 of Figure 6-1.

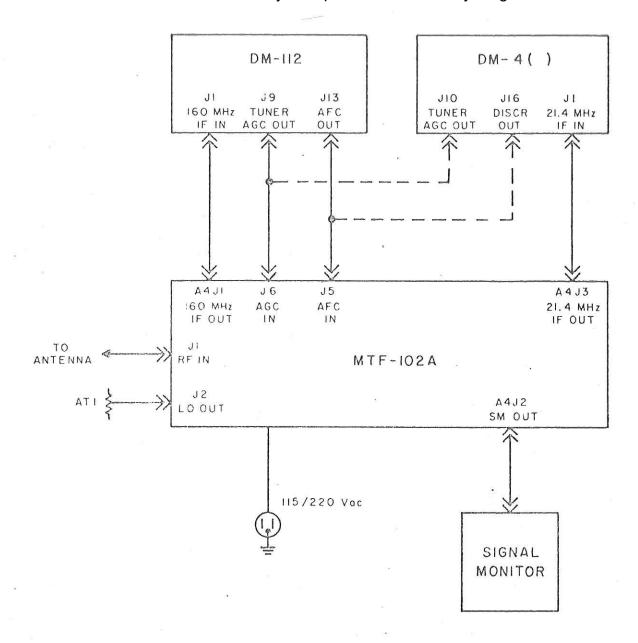


Figure 3-3. MTF-102A System Wiring

- 3.2.8.5 AGC Input Connection. Connect the AGC output of the demodulator to the AGC IN jack J6 of the MTF-102A. The equipment is factory wired for use with a demodulator whose AGC voltage is +10 V to +1 V. If the demodulator AGC output voltage is zero to -12 V change the circuit board jumpers on the A3 subassembly (+6 and +12 V power supply/AGC amplifier) as explained in note 6 of Figure 6-3.
- 3.2.8.6 Tuner LO Output. Local oscillator jack J2 LO OUT provides a sample of the tuner's local oscillator for general test and monitoring. When not in use the jack should be terminated with the coaxial termination plug AT1 provided.

3.2.8.7 SM Output Connection. - The BNC jack A4J2 SM OUT jack provides a 21.4 MHz IF for signal monitoring purposes. If signal monitoring is used, connect a cable from SM OUT jack, A4J2, to the signal monitor.

3.3 OPERATION

The operation of the controls and switches on the Types MTF-100A, -101, and -102A Microwave Tuning Frames is explained in the following paragraphs.

- 3.3.1 PUSH ON/OFF POWER Switch. Push this control to apply line power to the MTF-100A or MTF-102A. Operating potentials for the MTF-101 are supplied by the power supplies of the MTF-100A.
- 3.3.2 TUNER SELECT Switch. This switch, mounted only on the MTF-100A provides operating power and the necessary interconnections required for operation of the selected tuner. Positions 1 and 2 correspond to the two tuning heads mounted in the MTF-100A. Positions 3 and 4 correspond to the two tuning heads mounted in the MTF-101. The IF output and analog tune voltage of the selected tuner is available at the rear panel of the MTF-100A.
- 3.3.3 FINE TUNING Control. The FINE TUNING control is an electronic vernier of the manual main tuning knob on the tuning head. With this control set initially at midrange, the tuned frequency of the selected tuning head can be slightly increased or decreased.
- 3.3.4 AFC/ON Switch. Placing the AFC/ON switch in the ON position allows the AFC voltage from an external demodulator to control the fine frequency of the selected tuning head. In the OFF position of this switch, the demodulator AFC has no control.

3.4 PREPARATION FOR RESHIPMENT

- 3.4.1 If the unit must be prepared for reshipment, the packaging methods should follow the pattern established in the original shipment. If retained, the original materials can be reused to a large extent or will at a minimum provide excellant guidance for the repackaging effort.
- 3.4.2 If time permits, contract packing and packaging firms can be found in many cities. Based on an examination of the equipment and the proposed method of shipment, these firms can usually perform a reliable repackaging service.

- 3.4.3 As a minimum, cover the painted surfaces of the unit with wrapping paper. Pack the unit securely in a strong corrugated container (350 lb/sq inch bursting test) with 2-inch rubberized hair pads placed along all surfaces of the equipment. If rubberized hair is not available, use crumpled paper, rags, or any other available materials to provide as much cushioning as possible.
- 3.4.4 Conditions during storage and shipment should normally be limited as follows:
 - (a) Maximum humidity: 95% (no condensation)
 - (b) Temperature range: -30° C to +85° C.

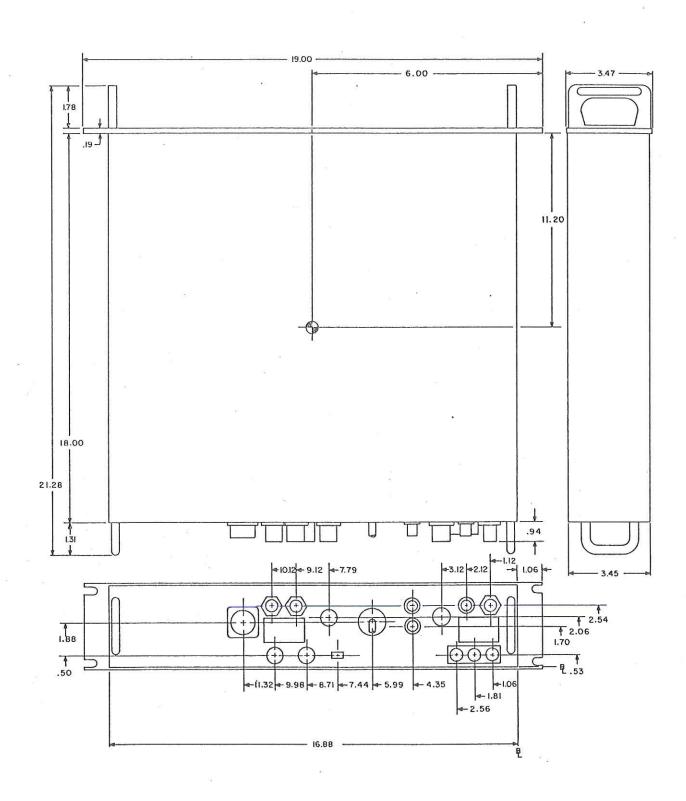


Figure 3-4. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Critical Dimensions.

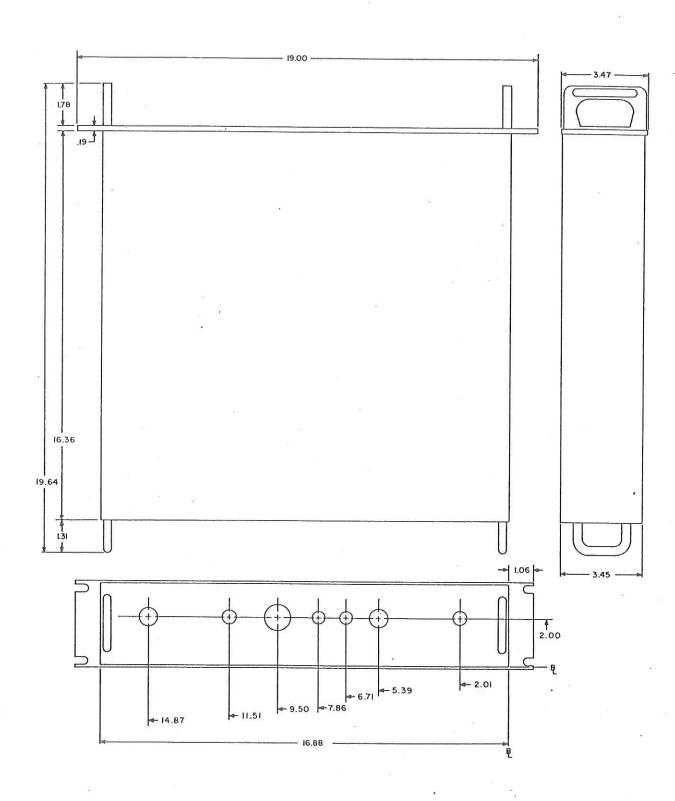


Figure 3-5. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Critical Dimensions.

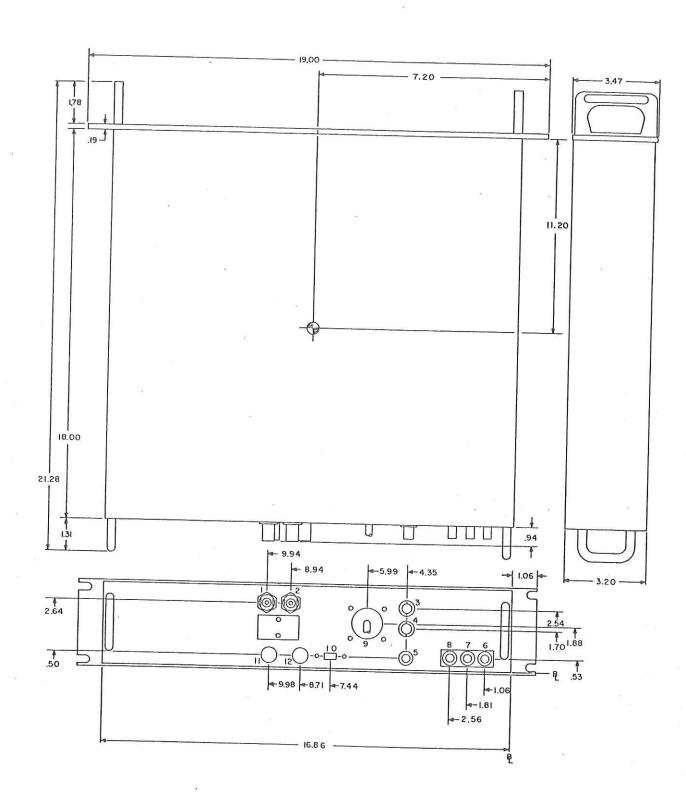


Figure 3-6. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Critical Dimensions.

SECTION IV

MAINTENANCE

4.1 GENERAL

The Types MTF-100A, MTF-101, and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames have been designed to provide trouble-free operation with little or no routine maintenance. The occasional removal of accumulated dust or dirt and inspection are the only preventative maintenance operations recommended. Intervals for these operations should be based on the operating environment but should not exceed 1000 hours. Repair time will be minimized, should trouble occur, if the maintenance technician is familiar with the circuit descriptions in Section II, with the functional block diagram, Figure 2-1, and with the schematic diagrams, Figures 6-1 through 6-10. A complete parts list and part location illustrations can be found in Section V.

4.2 CLEANING

The frame should be kpet free of dust, moisture, grease and foreign matter to ensure trouble-free operation. If available, use clean, low velocity compressed air to blow accumulated dust from the unit. A clean dry cloth, a soft bristled brush, or a cloth saturated with a cleaning compound can also be used. The Types MTF-100A, -101, and -102A Microwave Tuning Frames do not require lubrication.

4.3 INSPECTION FOR DAMAGE OR WEAR

Many potential or existing troubles can be detected by a visual inspection of the frames. For this reason, a complete visual inspection should be made for indications of mechanical and/or electrical defects on a periodic basis, or whenever the unit is being examined for a previously reported trouble. Electronic components that show signs of deterioration should be checked and a thorough investigation of the associated circuitry should be made to verify proper operation. Damage to parts due to heat is often the result of other less apparent troubles in the circuit. It is essential that the cause of overheating be determined and corrected before replacing the damaged parts.

4.4 ALIGNMENT AND TEST PROCEDURES

4.4.1 General. The following alignment procedure is suitable for alignment and test of the tuning frame after component replacement to determine that the function of the unit is adequate to meet factory performance standards. The alignment procedure can also be a valuable aid to trouble-

shooting.

4.4.2 Required Test Equipment. - The following test equipment, or equivalent, is required to perform alignment and test of the MTF-100A, -101, and -102A Microwave Tuning Frames:

INSTRUMENT TYPE	REQUIRED CHARACTERISTICS	USE	RECOMMENDED INSTRUMENT
RF Voltmeter	50 MHz, 10 mV min-	Alignment	Boonton 92A
Digital Voltmeter	DC and ac voltage ranges	Power Supply checks	Fluke 8120A
Signal Generator	21.4 MHz to 160 MHz	Alignment	Hewlett Packard 608E
Adapter, 50Ω	a .	Alignment	Boonton 91-8B
Oscilloscope	500 kHz vertical band width 1 mV vertical sensitivity	Trouble shooting and alignment	Tektronix Type 503
Variac	Variable from 0 to 250 V ac	Power Supply checks	General Radio W3MT3W
Power Supply '	-12 V to +12 V dc	AGC and AFC checks	Hewlett Packard 6206B
Signal Generator	4.0 GHz output	Alignment	Hewlett Packard 8616A
Power Meter	4.0 GHz, 10 mV min imum, full scale	Alignment	Hewlett Packard 431C
Counter	160 MHz, 10 mV	Alignment	Hewlett Packard 5245L with 5253B Heterodyne Con- verter
Extender Card	* ,	Trouble shooting	WJ-79645
Assorted pads, connectors, cables, align ment tools	=	Trouble- shooting and alignment	

- 4.4.3 General Equipment Conditions. Allow all test equipment to warm-up for a period of thirty minutes. It is recommended that all positions in the frame under test be occupied by a TH-Series Tuning Head and that all interface connections be made to duplicate the operation of the frame under actual conditions.
- 4.4.4 Power Supply Adjustment. Adjustment procedures for the power supply voltages in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames are presented below. Figure 4-1 shows the location of power supply adjustments and testpoints.

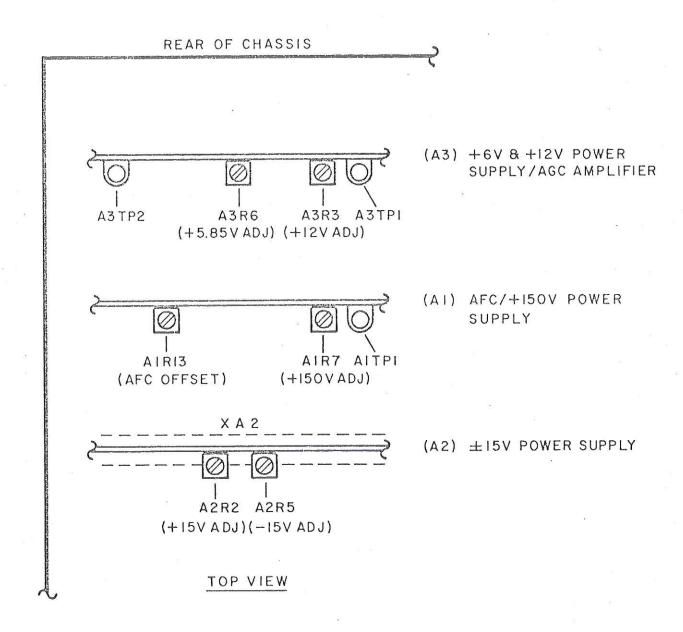


Figure 4-1. A1 - A3 Subassemblies, Test Point and Adjustment Locations

- (1) Assure that the rear panel switch S2 is set to match the voltage of the ac power source to be used.
- (2) Connect the Microwave Tuning Frame power input to the variac and maintain the line voltage at 115 V ac or 220 V ac as appropriate.
- (3) Set the Digital Voltmeter to read negative dc volts and connect it to XA2 pin 9. The reading should be -15 V dc, ± 0.75 V dc. If it is not, adjust A2R5 to obtain this reading.
- (4) Set the DVM to read positive dc volts and connect it to XA2 pin 20. The reading should be +15 V dc, ± 0.75 V dc. If it is not, adjust A2R2 to obtain this reading.
- (5) Connect the DVM to A1TP1. The reading should be $\pm 150 \text{ V}$ dc, $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ dc. If it is not, adjust A1R7 to obtain this reading.

CAUTION

Dangerous potentials exist at the A1 subassembly. The transistor case of A1Q1 is at +250 V dc. Do not attempt to feel the transistor case to determine the heat dissipation of A1Q1. De-energize the A1 subasassembly before handling any of the mounted components.

- (6) Connect the DVM to A3TP1. The reading should be +12 V dc, $\pm 0.6 \text{ V}$ dc. If it is not, adjust A3R3 to obtain this reading.
- (7) Connect the DVM to A3TP2. The reading should be 5.85 V dc, \pm 0.6 V dc. If it is not, adjust A3R6 to obtain this reading.
- (8) Set the DVM to read ac volts and connect it to pin 15 of power transformer T1. The reading should typically be 5 V ac. No adjustment can be made.

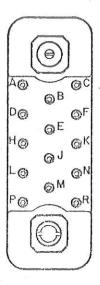
CAUTION

Dangerous potentials exist on the power transformer terminals. Observe safety procedures when making readings.

- (9) Connect the DVM to pin 17 of the power transformer T1. The reading should typically be 12 V ac. No adjustment can be made. Repeat for pin 19.
- (10) Connect the DVM to pin 12 of the power transformer T1. The reading should typically be 16 V ac. No adjustment can be made. Repeat for pin 14.
- (11) Adjust the line voltage to 125 V ac (voltage select switch, S2, at 115) or 250 V ac (voltage select switch, S2, at 220) and recheck the previous dc test points (steps 3 through 7) for proper regulation.
- (12) Adjust the line voltage to 105 V ac (voltage select switch, S2, at 115) or 210 V ac (voltage select switch, S2, at 220) and recheck the previous dc test points (steps 3 through 7) for proper regulation.
- 4.4.5 Voltage Continuity and Switching. The following procedure can be used to check for suspected voltage continuity and switching problems. For the MTF-102A only the voltages at receptacle J4 are checked.
 - Disconnect the multipin interface power connector for the suspected tuning head and position and verify that the voltages given in Figure 4-2 are present at the receptacle pins. Assure that the TUNER SELECT switch is set to the corresponding position for the tuning head in question. The tuning head position/receptacle designations are given below.

FRAME	TUNER	RECEPTACLE		
TYPE	POSITION	DESIGNATION		
MTF-100A MTF-100A MTF-101 MTF-101 MTF-102A	1 2 3 4	J8 J10 J8 J9 J4		

- (2) Verify that the voltage at pin A of the receptacle is 5 V ac for all positions where TUNER SELECT switch does not correspond with the receptacle position.
- (3) If a faulty TUNER SELECT switch is suspected, repeat the above checks for the other tuning head positions.



PIN	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	٠ يا	К	r _i	N	Р	R
VOLTAGE	+5.85Vdc	5 Vac	+150Vdc	+12Vdc	+15Vdc	-15Vdc	GND	AGC	AFC	16 \	/ac	121	√ac

Figure 4-2. Tuner Power Interface Receptacle Pins and Associated Voltages

- 4.4.6 <u>AFC Test.</u> Use the following procedure to align and test the AFC circuitry in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames. To check for continuity of the AFC voltage, refer to Figure 4-2.
 - (1) Set the front panel FINE TUNING potentiometer so that the digital voltmeter indicates +11.2 V dc at XA1 pin 17. Set the ON/AFC switch to the ON position.
 - (2) Connect the power supply to AFC IN jack J5 on the MTF-100A or MTF-102A. Monitor the supply output with the digital voltmeter and set the power supply for +1.00 V dc.
 - (3) Measure the dc voltage at XA1pin 20. It should be between zero and +2 V dc (with circuit board jumpers connecting E1 to E3).
 - (4) Set the power supply to -1.00 V dc.
 - (5) Measure the dc voltage at XA1 pin 20. It should be $\pm 14.0 \text{ V}$ dc $\pm 2.0 \text{ V}$ dc (with circuit board jumpers connecting E1 to E3).

- (6) For A1 subasemblies with circuit board jumpers connecting E3 to E2, reverse the readings obtained in steps 3 and 5.
- (7) If the correct readings above were not obtained, proceed as follows: Assure that the FINE TUNING potentiometer is set midrange and the AFC switch is ON. Disconnect the power supply input to AFC IN jack J5 and apply a ground to jumper terminal E3 of the A1 subassembly. Measure the voltage at pin 6 of A1U2 with the DVM. A reading of 0.0 volts should be obtained. If not, adjust A1R13 (shown in Figure 4-1) to obtain this reading. Remove the ground from jumper terminal A1E3 and repeat checks 2, 3, 4 and 5 above.
- 4.4.7 FINE TUNING Test. To check the FINE TUNING operation in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames follow the procedure outlined below.
 - (1) Set the front panel ON/AFC switch to the Off position.
 - (2) Set the front panel FINE TUNING control maximum clock-wise.
 - (3) Set the DVM to read positive dc volts and connect it to XA1 pin 20. The reading should be a minimum of +2.0 V dc and a maximum of +5.0 V dc.
 - (4) Set the front panel FINE TUNING control maximum counter-clockwise.
 - (5) The DVM reading should be a minimum of +7.0 V dc and a maximum of +10.0 V dc.
 - (6) Verify continuity by checking the voltage at pin K of the tuner power interface receptacle for each tuning head position per paragraph 4.4.5 step (1).
- 4.4.8 AGC Test. Use the following procedure to test the AGC operation in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames. For A3 subassemblies (+6 V and +12 V power supply/AGC amplifier) with circuit board jumpers connecting E2 to E3 and E5 to E6, follow steps 1 and 2 of this procedure. For A3 subassemblies with circuit board jumpers connecting E2 to E1 and E4 to E6, follow steps 3 and 4 of this procedure.

- (1) Set the power supply for +4.0 V dc using the digital voltmeter and connect it to AGC IN jack J6 on the rear panel of the frame.
- (2) Set the DVM to read positive dc volts and connect it to XA3, pin 18. The reading should be +4.00 V dc $\pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ dc. Now vary the power supply voltage output from +10 V dc to +1 V dc. The DVM reading should follow.
- (3) Set the power supply for -6.00 and connect it to AGC IN jack J6 on the rear panel of the frame.
- (4) Set the DVM to read positive dc volts and connect it to XA3, pin 18. The reading should be ± 4 V dc ± 1.0 V dc. Now vary the power supply voltage output from zero volts to ± 12 V dc. The DVM reading should be approximately 10 V more positive than the power supply voltage.
- 4.4.9 Cable Insertion Loss. The following procedure is used to check a suspected fault in a signal cable in the MTF-100A, -101, or -102A Microwave Tuning Frames. The maximum cable insertion loss should not be greater than 1.0 dB.
 - (1) RF cables. Set the signal generator frequency to 4.0 GHz and measure the output with a properly terminated power meter. Adjust the signal generator for a CW output of -10 dBm. Connect the suspected cable to the signal generator and note the output of the cable. If a reading below -11 dBm is present, a malfunction exists.
 - (2) IF cables. Follow the procedure above with the signal generator frequency set to 160 MHz.
 - (3) Check each cable listed below as described in (1) and (2) above.

FRAME TYPE	FROM	TO	FREQUENCY (RF - 4.0 GHz
MTF-100A	J1	P5	RF IF - 160 MHz)
MTF-100A	Ј2	P6	RF
MTF-100A	J3	P7	RF
MTF-100A	J4	P8	RF
MTF-101	J1	P1	RF
MTF-101	J2	P2	RF
MTF-101	J4	P4	RF

FRAME TYPE	FROM	ТО	FREQUENCY (RF - 4.0 GHz,
			IF - 160 MHz)
MTF-101	J5	P5	RF
MTF-101	J3	P3	IF'
MTF-101	J6	P6	IF
MTF-102A	J1	P7	RF
MTF-102A	Ј2	P8	RF

- 4.4.10 MTF-100A IF Coupler/Converter Test. This paragraph describes the procedure for checking the overall performance on the IF coupler/converter section subassemblies A4 and A5, in the MTF-100A. For detailed alignment and/or troubleshooting of this section refer to paragraphs 4.4.12 and 4.5.2.
 - (1) Set up the equipment as shown by the dotted line in Figure 4-3.

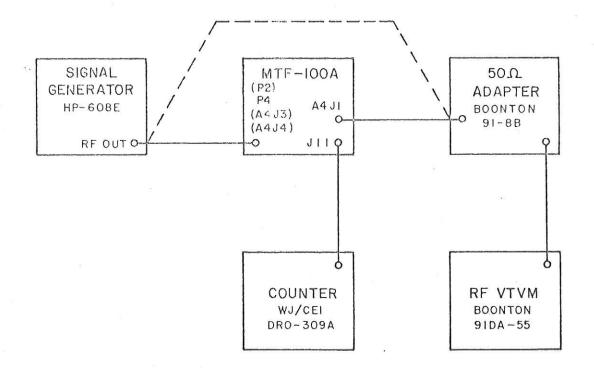


Figure 4-3. Test Setup, MTF-100A IF Coupler/Converter

- (2) Set the signal generator for 160.000 MHz ±1 kHz, CW, approximately -30 dBm. Use the counter at the signal generator at the UNCAL jack to set the frequency.
- (3) Adjust the generator output level for a convenient reference on the RF VTVM.
- (4) Connect the RF output of the signal generator to P4 of the MTF-100A. Complete the equipment set up as shown by the solid line in Figure 4-3.
- (5) Set the front panel TUNER SELECT switch to the TUNER 1 position.
- (6) Measure the loss from P4 (IF output, TUNER 1) to A4J1 (160 MHz IF OUT). The loss should be no greater than 6 dB.
- (7) Connect the signal generator to the other tuner IF output jacks (P2, A4J3, A4J4) in turn. The RF VTVM reading should be at least 20 dB below the reading obtained in step 6. This checks the isolation of the IF coupler.
- (8) Connect the signal generator to P2 (TUNER 2 IF OUT), A4J3 (TUNER 3 IF OUT), A4J4 (TUNER 4 IF OUT) and, in turn verify the loss to A4J1 (160 MHz IF OUT) and the isolation of the tuner IF when not selected by the front panel switch.
- (9) Check the frequency at J11, 21.4 MHz IF OUT. It should be $21.400 \text{ MHz} \pm 3 \text{ kHz}$.
- (10) Remove the counter from J11 and connect the 50Ω adapter and RF VTVM to J11.
- (11) Measure the insertion loss from P2, P4, A4J3, and A4J4 to J11. It should be typically 4 dB.
- 4.4.11 MTF-102A IF Coupler/Converter Test. This paragraph describes the procedure for checking the overall performance of the IF coupler/converter section, subassemblies A4 and A5, in the MTF-102A. For detailed alignment and/or troubleshooting of this section, refer to paragraphs 4.4.12 and 4.5.2.
 - (1) Set up the equipment as shown by the dotted line in Figure 4-4.

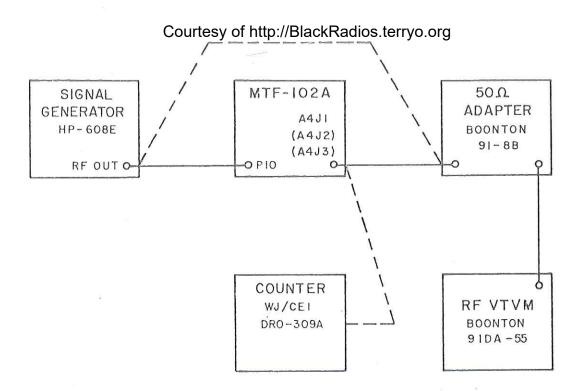


Figure 4-4. Test Setup, MTF-102A IF Coupler/Converter Tests

- (2) Set the signal generator for 160.000 MHz ± 1 kHz, CW, approximately -30 dBm. Use the counter at the signal generator UNCAL jack to set the frequency.
- (3) Adjust the generator output level for a convenient reference on the RF VTVM.
- (4) Connect the equipment as shown by the solid line if Figure 4-4.
- (5) Measure the insertion loss from P10 (tuner IF out) to A4J1 (160 MHz IF OUT). It should be typically 5 dB or less.
- (6) Measure the insertion loss from P10 to A4J2 (SM OUT). It should be typically 13 dB.
- (7) Measure the insertion loss from P10 to A4J3 (21.4 MHz IF OUT). It should be typically 4 dB.
- (8) Measure the frequency at A4J3. It should be 21.400 MHz ±3 kHz. Increase the signal generator output level as necessary to obtain the frequency reading.

- 4.4.12 MTF-100A and MTF-102A 160/21.4 MHz Converter Alignment. This paragraph describes the adjustments required for the A5 subassembly in the MTF-100A and -102A after changing the LO transistor A5Q2, the voltage amplifier transistor A5Q1, or associated circuit components.
 - (1) Set the signal generator for 160.000 MHz ± 1 kHz, CW, -20 dBm. Set the frequency with the counter at the signal generator UNCAL jack. Calibrate the level with the RF VTVM. Connect the signal to A5J1 (160 MHz IF IN).
 - (2) Connect the frequency counter to A5J2 (21.4 MHz IF OUT-PUT).
 - (3) Vary A5C3 to obtain 21.400 MHz.
 - (4) Connect the RF VTVM to A5J2.
 - (5) Vary A5C9 for the peak reading.
 - (6) Adjust A5R17 for -17 dBm (3 dBm gain) from A5J1 to A5J2.

4.5 TROUBLESHOOTING

- Localizing Troubles. The troubles that can arise in a MTF-100A and MTF-101 system may be divided into two categories; partial and total. Partial troubles include improper operation of only one tuning head position, improper AGC or AFC, etc. Troubleshooting in this case is usually straightforward. In the case of a total lack of output, however, systematic elimination on a block diagram level will The troubleshooting techniques for the MTF-102A are somewhat more difficult because the tuning head positions cannot be switched to aid in isolating the trouble. The first effort should be to eliminate possible troubles in the external equipment and the installed tuning heads before the frame is suspected. The adjustment and test procedures in section 4.4 were specifically written to aid in localizing Additional aids are provided in the troubleshooting charts, Tables 4-1, 4-2, and 4-3, which list typical malfunctions in the MTF-100A, MTF-101, and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning frames, re-Typical transistor and integrated circuit voltages are given spectively. in Table 4-4.
- 4.5.2 Subassembly Removal, Repair, and Replacement. The power supply/AGC/AFC subassemblies in the MTF-100A and MTF-102A can be easily removed by simply pulling them from the receptacles in which they are mounted. Simple hand tools can be used to remove brass subassem-

blies and the printed circuit boards inside each one. When removing components from a printed circuit board for inspection or replacement, be especially careful not to damage the bonding between the foil conductors and the fiberglass board. The soldering iron should be no larger than 40 watts, and a solder sipper or wicking should be employed in removing solder. Keep the length of time of soldering iron tip contact to the printed foil as short as possible. Use heatsinking on the semiconductor leads to prevent damage. In returning components to the board, make sure the holes are clear and be careful that the leads do not catch the edge of the printed conductor and lift it from the board. A good grade of rosin core 60/40 solder should be used.

Table 4-1. MTF-100A Troubleshooting Chart

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
PUSH ON/OFF POWER switch S4 does not light. Tuning head dials do not light in any position of TUNER SELECT switch.	Power Supply Section	Check AC power input connection. Check F1 and F2. Check S1.
All tuning heads totally inoperative.	Power Supply Section.	Perform power supply checks per 4.4.4.
	TUNER SELECT switch, S4.	Check switch per 4.4.5.
V e	Subassembly A4, IF Coupler.	Check A4 subassembly per 4.4.10.
	Subassembly A5, 160/21.4 MHz Converter.	Check A5 subassembly per 4.4.10.
No FINE TUNING control in any head position.	FINE TUNING potentiometer, R3.	Check voltage at wiper arm of R3.
	Subassembly A1.	Check A1 subassembly per 4.4.7.
Improper AFC op- eration in all tuning head positions.	Demodulator de- fective.	Check demodulator by substitution, if possible.
FINE TUNING control, OK.	ON/AFC switch.	Check ON/AFC switch, S3.
		4-13

Table 4-1. MTF-100A Troubleshooting Chart (Continued)

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
	A1 subassembly defective or not properly jumpered.	Perform A1 subassembly checks per 4.4.6. Check for proper jumpering as given in note 5 of Figure 6-1.
Improper AGC oper- ation in all tuning	Demodulator de- fective.	Check demodulator by sub- stitution, if possible.
head positions.	A3 subassembly defective or not properly jumpered.	Perform A3 subassembly checks per 4.4.8. Check for proper jumpering as given in note 6 of Figure 6-3.
Improper operation of only one tuning head position.	Defective tuning head.	Replace tuning head or move tuning head to another position. If trouble also moves, it is in the tuning head.
	TUNER SELECT switch.	Perform switch checks per 4.4.5.
u	Subassembly A4, IF coupler.	Check diodes A4CR1 through A4CR4 with ohmeter. Check +15 V dc on IF select lines to A4 subassembly.
e e	Signal cable routing.	Check RF and IF cables per 4.4.9.

Table 4-2. MTF-101 Troubleshooting Chart

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
TUNERS 3 and 4 both inoperative. TUNERS 1 and 2 in MTF-100A both OK.	wiring between	Check for proper voltages at J8 and J9 per 4.4.5. Check RF and IF cables per 4.4.9.

Table 4-2. MTF-101 Troubleshooting Chart (Continued)

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Improper operation of only one tuning head position.	Defective tuning head.	Replace tuning head or move tuning head to the other position. If trouble also moves it is in the tuning head.
	TUNER SELECT switch.	Perform switch check per 4.4.5.
e	Subassembly A4, IF coupler in MTF-100A.	Perform IF coupler check per 4.4.10. Check for +15 V dc on proper IF select line.
	RF or IF cable.	Check RF and IF cables per 4.4.9.

Table 4-3. MTF-102A Trouble shooting Chart

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
PUSH ON/OFF POWER switch does not illuminate. Tuning head totally inoperative.	Power Supply Sec- tion.	Check ac power input connection. Check F1 and F2. Check S1.
No 160 MHz IF output. No 21.4 MHz IF out-	Tuning head defective.	Check LO OUT and ANALOG TUNE OUT.
put.	Power Supply Section.	Check power supply per 4.4.5.
,	RF or IF cable.	Check RF and IF cables per 4.4.9.
21.4 MHz IF output missing or unstable. 160 MHz IF output OK.	Subassembly A5, 21.4/160 MHz con- verter.	Perform converter checks per 4.4.11 and 4.4.12.

Table 4-3. MTF-102A Troubleshooting Chart (Continued)

SYMPTOMS OBSERVED	PROBABLE CAUSE	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Improper AFC operation, FINE TUNING control OK.	Demodulator defective.	Check demodulator by substitution, if possible. Check ON/AFC switch, S3. Perform A1 subassembly checks per 4.4.6. Check for proper jumpering as given in note 5 of Figure 6-1.
Improper AGC operation.	Defective demodu- lator.	Check demodulator by substitution, if possible.
	A3 subassembly defective or not properly jumpered.	Perform A3 subassembly checks per 4.4.8. Check for proper jumper connections as given in note 6 of Figure 6-3.
	Tuning head defective.	Repair tuning head.

Voltages
Pin 7
Circuit
Integrated
and
Transistor
Tvpical
4-4
Table

14	Coi	urte	es —	sy c	of h	ntt	p:/	//BI	ac	kR	ac	did	s.	te	ry	/0.	or	g									,			
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12	÷			#		*		•				77 75	0 . 57	+ 3, 30	+22 06	422.00		X							0.5					z
11							3					124 75	. H. J.	+ 0.30	122 06	422.00										-				
10		Collector	+ 22. 16	+ 22.16	+245.6	+151.3	+149.3					+ + × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	3 0	10.0	22.05			2			- 0.75	- 0.07	189	350			300	94		36 26
0	Transistor Elements	Base	+ 12.39	60.9 +	+150.7	+150.2	+ 15.54		9		15.	0.0		1	٠	! !		li .	~~~		. 6.45	- 9.25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	an iprope					٠	
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9		diameter.						•	0(var)*	0.0	10		+7.19	-7.98	+/. 14	+7.17		2	200											
w		10			u				-15.0	-15.0	ы			1 7.98	+ /· /+	+ 5.85		71	00.01		8	,,	1 8 5 (2).		蒜)*
4	or Pins	Source						varies	-15.0	-15.0			+ 7.19	- 7.98	+17.U		•	ייי		15 00							77.			
33	Field Effect Transistor Pins	Gate 1			(K			**-14.6		0.0				0:0	900	+ 5.85			٠ ۲	7	· F									
2	eld Effec	Gate 2							2	0.0	·		+15.0	0.0	+11.99	+ 5.84		E5 to E6)	4. t	24 TO ED)) -									See Text.
-	- AGORD	Drain			1			varies	-15.0	-15.0			į	;	1	1		E2 to E3,		17 to E1,									9	ıge at J5.
	*	Type.	1	2N3055	2N4064	2N929	2N3440	U1899E	11587741393	USB7741393	2N3055 ·	2N3055	U6A7723393	U6A7723393	U6A7723393	U6A7723393	USB7741393	AGC IN, J6, E				2N5109 2N3478	ē		12	•	()		N .	Depends on AFC voltage at J5. AFC ON
	,	Ref. Desig.			A101	A 1Q2	A 1Q3	A 1Q4	A 11.12	A IU3	A2Q1	A2Q2	A2U2	A2U4	A3U1	A3U2		(+4.00.V dc A		(-6.00 V dc AGC IN, Jo,	10 10 11 11	A5A1Q1 A5A1Q2	60			3				** Depends

SECTION V REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

5.1 UNIT NUMBERING METHOD

The unit numbering method of assigning reference designations (electrical symbol numbers) has been used to identify assemblies, subassemblies (and modules), and parts. An example of the unit method follows:

A1 R1

Subassembly Designation

Class and No. of Item

Identify from right to left as: First (1) resistor (R) of first (1) subassembly (A)

As shown on the main chassis schematic, components which are an integral part of the main chassis have no subassembly designation.

5.2 REFERENCE DESIGNATION PREFIX

Partial reference designations have been used on the equipment and on the illustrations in this manual. The partial reference designations consist of the class letter(s) and identifying item number. The complete reference designations may be obtained by placing the proper prefix before the partial reference designations. Reference Designation Prefixes are provided on drawings and illustrations in parenthesis within the figure titles.

5.3 LIST OF MANUFACTURERS

Mfr.	Name and Address	Mfr. Code	Name and Address
00779	AMP, Incorporated P.O. Box 3608 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105	04713	Motorola Semiconductor Products, Inc. 5005 East McDowell Road Phoenix, Arizona 85008
01121	Allen-Bradley Company 1201 South 2nd Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212	07263	Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp. Semiconductor Division 464 Ellis Street Mountain View, California 94040
02735	RCA Corporation Solid State Division Route 202 Somerville, New Jersey 08876	09353	C and K Components, Inc. 103 Morse Street Watertown, Massachusetts 02172

Mfr.	Name and Address	Mfr. Code	Name and Address
11139	Deutsch Company Electronic Component Division Municipal Airport Banning, California 92220	27956	Relcom 2329 Charleston Road Mountain View, California 94040
13103	Thermalloy Company 8717 Diplomacy Row Dallas, Texas 75247	49956	Raytheon Company 141 Spring Street Lexington, Massachusetts 02173
14632	Watkins-Johnson Co., CEI Div. 700 Quince Orchard Road Gaithersburg, Maryland 20760	50140	K and L Microwave, Inc. 203 Newton Street Salisbury, Maryland 21801
15818	Teledyne Semiconductor 1300 Terra Bella Avenue Mountain View, California 94040	56289	Sprague Electric Company Marshall Street North Adams, Massachusetts 01247
16179	Omni-Spectra, Incorporated 24600 Hallwood Court Farmington, Michigan 48024	71279	Cambridge Thermionic Corporation 455 Concord Avenue Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138
19505	Applied Engineering Products Co. Division of Samarius Inc. 26 East Main Street Ansonia, Connecticut 06401	71400	Bussman Manufacturing Division of McGraw-Edison Company 2536 West University Street St. Louis, Missouri 63107
21604	The Buckeye Stamping Company 555 Marion Road Columbus, Ohio 43207	71785	Cinch Manufacturing Company Howard B. Jones Division 1026 South Homan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60624
25088	Siemens America, Inc. 350 5th Avenue New York, New York 10001	72136	Electro Motive Manufacturing Co., Inc. South Park & John Streets Willimantic, Connecticut 06226
26805	Americon Microwave Industries, Inc. 87 Rumford Avenue Waltham, Massachusetts 02154	72259	Nytronics, Inc. 10 Pelham Parkway Pelham Manor, New York 10803

Mfr. Code	Name and Address	Mfr.	Name and Address
72982	Erie Technological Products, Inc. 644 West 12th Street Erie, Pennsylvania 16512	81349	Military Specifications
73138	Beckman Instruments, Inc. Helipot Division 2500 Harbor Boulevard Fullerton, California 92634	82389	Switchcraft, Inc. 5555 North Elston Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60630
74868	Bunker Ramo Corporation The Amphenol RF Division 33 East Franklin Street Danbury, Connecticut 06810	87034	Marco-Oak Industries, Division of Oak Electro/Netics Corporation 207 South Helena Street Anaheim, California 92803
75042	IRC Division of TRW Incorporated 401 North Broad Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19108	91418	Radio Materials Company 4242 West Bryn Mawr Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60646
75915	Littelfuse, Incorporated 800 East Northwest Highway Des Plaines, Illinois 60016	91506	Augat, Incorporated 33 Perry Avenue Attleboro, Massachusetts 02703
80058	Joint Electronics Type Designation System	93332	Sylvania Electric Products, Inc. Semiconductor Products Division 100 Sylvan Road Woburn, Massachusetts 01801
80131	Electronic Industries Association 2001 Eye Street N. W. Washington, D. C. 20006	93459	Weinschel Engineering Company Clopper Road Gaithersburg, Maryland 20760
81312	Winchester Electronics Division Litton Industries, Incorporated Oakville, Connecticut 06779	93958	Republic Electronics Corporation 176 East 7th Street Paterson, New Jersey 07524
		99800	American Precision Industries Delevan Electronics Division 270 Quaker Road East Aurora, New York 14052

5.4 PARTS LIST

The parts list which follows contains all electrical parts used in the equipment and certain mechanical parts which are subject to unusual wear or damage. When ordering replacement parts from the Watkins-Johnson Co., specify the type and serial number of the equipment and the reference designation and description of each part ordered. The list of manufacturers provided in paragraph 5.3 and the manufacturer's part numbers for components are included as a guide to the user of the equipment in the field. These parts may not necessarily agree with the parts installed in the equipment, however, the parts specified in this list will provide satisfactory operation of the equipment. Replacement parts may be obtained from any manufacturer as long as the physical and electrical parameters of the part selected agree with the original part. In the case of components defined by a military or industrial specification, a vendor which can provide the necessary component is suggested as a convenience to the user.

NOTE

As improved semiconductors become available it is the policy of CEI Division to incorporate them in proprietary products. For this reason some transistors, diodes, and integrated circuits installed in the equipment may not agree with those specified in the parts lists and schematic diagrams of this manual. However, the semiconductors designated in the manual may be substituted in every case with satisfactory results.

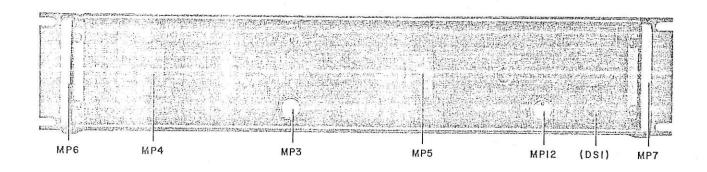


Figure 5-1. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Front View, Location of Components.

5.4.1 Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis

RECM.			THE RESIDENT	Со	urte	sy c	of htt	p://E	Blac	kRa	dios	.terr	yo.c	org								
RECM.				marks had a second or the									5628									
MFR. CODE	93459		14632	14632	14632	14632	14632	56289		56289	0.00	56289	81349	87034	56289	50140	71400	71400	26805			
MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	CT-NM		76228	76210-1	76229	791168	791169	39D406F350GL4		39D118G040HL4		39D228G025HP4	CS13BF476K	A1H	JN33-694B	2L250-210-0	MDL3/4	MDL3/8	3004-7141-10			
QTY. PER ASSY	2	**********	Н	П	П	Н	Н	2		2		Н	Н	1	1	Н	Н	Н	3			
DESCRIPTION	TERMINATION	Same as AT1	AFC/+150V POWER SUPPLY	+15V POWER SUPPLY	+6V & +12V POWER SUPPLY	IF COUPLER	160-21.4 MHz CONVERTER	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINIM: $40 \mu F$, -10+50%, 350V	Same as C1	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINUM: 1100 μ F, -10+75%, 40V	Same as C3	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINUM: $2200\mu\text{F}$, -10+75%, 25V	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 47 \(\mu \)F, 10%, 35V	LAMP, NEON Part of S1	FILTER, LOW PASS	FILTER, LOW PASS	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3/4 AMP, 3 AG	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3/8 AMP, 3 AG	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	Same as J1 Part of W4	Same as J1	
REF	AT1	AT2	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	G	C2	C3	C4	G2	CG	DSI	FL1	FL2	F1	F2	JI]2	J3	5

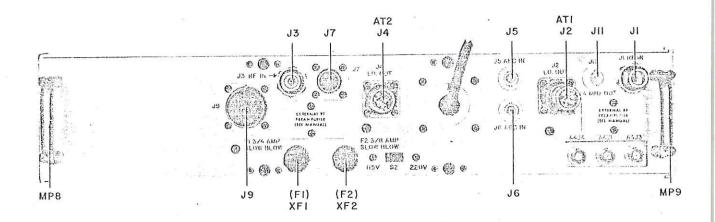


Figure 5-2. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Rear View, Location of Components.

Same as JI PERCRIPTION PER MATERIAL PRINTING PERT NO. CODE NO. CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 3 17825-1002 74868 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-7S 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 LEL4SNSS 81312 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as JS Part of W7 2 LL448-3 11139 Same as MP1 RNOB 1 PS70EL2 (GREY) 14632 Same as MP4 1 PANDLE 2 L1448-3 14632 Same as MP6 1 HANDLE 2 L3306-2 14632 Same as MP6 1 PANDLE 2 L3200-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP6 2 L35-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP7 2 L35-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 L35-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 L35-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 4 S21-3 16779	REF		QTY.	ANANEACTION OF	NA DTA	0 0 0
Same as J1 Part of W6 3 17825-1002 74868 Same as J5 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-7S 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLEL4SNSS 81312 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLEL4SNSS 81312 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as J8 Same as J8 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as MP1 KNOB 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 HANDLE 2 1448-3 14632 Same as MP6 HANDLE 2 2 1455-5 14632 Same as MP6 Same as MP6 2 1458-3 14632 14632 Same as MP6 Same as WP6 Same as MP6 Same as MP6 <td>DESIG</td> <td>DESCRIPTION</td> <td>PERASSY</td> <td>PART NO.</td> <td>CODE</td> <td>VENDOR</td>	DESIG	DESCRIPTION	PERASSY	PART NO.	CODE	VENDOR
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 3 17825-1002 74868 Same as j5 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-7S 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLE14SNSS 81312 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as j8 Part of W7 2 1 Same as MP1 KNOB 1 Part of W7 2 WINDOW Same as MP4 1448-3 14632 HANDLE Same as MP6 1448-3 14632 HANDLE Same as WF6 1455-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as WF6 ANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as WF10 ANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as WF10 ANDLE 4 521-3 1664	4	ë				
Same as J5 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-7S 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLE14SNSS 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as J8 Fart of W7 2 11755-5 11682 Same as MP1 KNOB 1 PS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 WINDOW Same as MP4 1 PS70PL2 (GREY) 14632 Same as MP6 HANDLE 2 1448-3 14632 Same as MP6 HANDLE 2 14532 14632 Same as MP6 ANDLE 2 14532 14632 Same as MP6 ANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP6 ANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 COVER 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 Part of W1 4 521-3 1604	10	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	8	17825-1002	74868	
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-75 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLE14SNSS 11139 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE Part of W7 2 SLE14SNSS 11139 Same as J8 Part of W7 2 11755-5 11139 Same as MP1 Part of W7 2 11755-5 14632 KNOB WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 HANDLE 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP6 HANDLE 2 1250-01-02-00 12604 HANDLE Same as MP6 4 157250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP6 Part of W1 4 15702 (GREY) 1679	9	Same as J5	***	,)	N
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 2 SLE14SNSS 81312 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 5 LE14SNSS 11139 Same as JS Fart of W7 2 11735-5 14632 Same as MP1 1 FS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 HANDLE 2 13306-2 14632 Same as MP6 HANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 COVER 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 KNOB 7 7 7 7 CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3 16179]7	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	Т	DS00-7S	11139	Сс
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE 1 DS00-27S 11139 Same as J8 Part of W7 2 11755-5 14632 Same as MP1 1 PS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 1 PS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 HANDLE 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP6 1 1448-3 14632 HANDLE 2 23306-2 12694 Same as MP6 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71604 KNOB 7 7 7 7 CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3 14632	18	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	SLE 14 SNSS	81312	ourte
Same as J8 Part of W7 2 11755-5 14632 CRANK ASSEMBLY 2 11755-5 14632 Same as MP1 2 11448-3 14632 KNOB 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 4 1448-3 14632 HANDLE 5 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 KNOB 1 1 8770D2 (GREY) 21604 CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3 16179	19	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	T	DS00-27S	11139	esy (
Same as J5 Part of W7 2 11755-5 14632 Same as MP1 1 PS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 KNOB 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 2 11448-3 14632 HANDLE 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 4 115-1250-01-02-00 71279 HANDLE Same as MP6 4 14532 COVER 30625-8 14632 Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71604 KNOB 1 PS70D2 (GREY) 21604 CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3 16179)10	Same as J8	basic-nac-citic d	5 0		of ht
CRANK ASSEMBLY 2 11755-5 14632 Same as MP1 1 FS70PL2 (GREY) 21604 WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 1448-3 14632 HANDLE 2 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 COVER Same as MP10 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 KNOB KNOB 1 Part of W1 4 821-3 16179]11		Establish and the			tp://
Same as MP1 1 PSTOPL2 (GREY) 21604 WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 2 32306-2 14632 HANDLE 3 14632 14632 Same as MP6 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 COVER 5 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 KNOB KNOB 1 PSTOD2 (GREY) 21604 KNOB Part of W1 4 521-3 16179	MPI	CRANK ASSEMBLY	72	11755-5	14632	Blac
KNOB 1 PSTOPLZ (GREY) 21604 WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 2 32306-2 14632 HANDLE 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 4 15-1250-01-02-00 71279 HANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 COVER 30625-8 14632 KNOB 1 PSTODZ (GREY) 21604 KNOB 1 PSTLOB 16179	MP2	Same as MPI				kRa
WINDOW 2 11448-3 14632 Same as MP4 1400LE 2 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 1400LE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP10 2 30625-8 14632 KNOB 1 Part of W1 4 521-3 16179	MP3	KNOB		PS70PL2 (GREY)	21604	adio
Same as MP4 2 32306-2 14632 HANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 COVER 2 30625-8 14632 Same as MP10 5 30625-8 14632 KNOB 7 1004 7 CONNECTOR, PLUG 7 7 16179 Part of W1 4 521-3 16179	MP4	WINDOW	2	11448-3	14632	s.ter
HANDLE 2 32306-2 14632 Same as MP6 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 HANDLE 2 415-1250-01-02-00 71279 Same as MP8 2 30625-8 14632 Same as MP10 5 30625-8 14632 KNOB NOB 1 PS70D2 (GREY) 21604 CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3 16179	MP5	Same as MP4				ryo.
Same as MP6 HANDLE Same as MP8 COVER Same as MP10 KNOB CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3	MP6	HANDLE	2	32306-2	14632	org
HANDLE Same as MP8 COVER Same as MP10 KNOB CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3	IP7	Same as MP6				
Same as MP8 2 30625-8 COVER 5ame as MP10 KNOB 1 PS70D2 (GREY) CONNECTOR, PLUG 4 521-3	IP8	HANDLE	2		71279	
COVER Same as MPIO KNOB CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of WI 4 521-3	[F9	Same as MP8				S.
Same as MPIO KNOB CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of WI 4 521-3	P10	COVER	7	30625-8	14632	
KNOB CONNECTOR, PLUG Part of W1 4 521-3	P11	Same as MP10		2		
CONNECTOR, PLUG	P12	KNOB	Т		21604	
			4		16179	

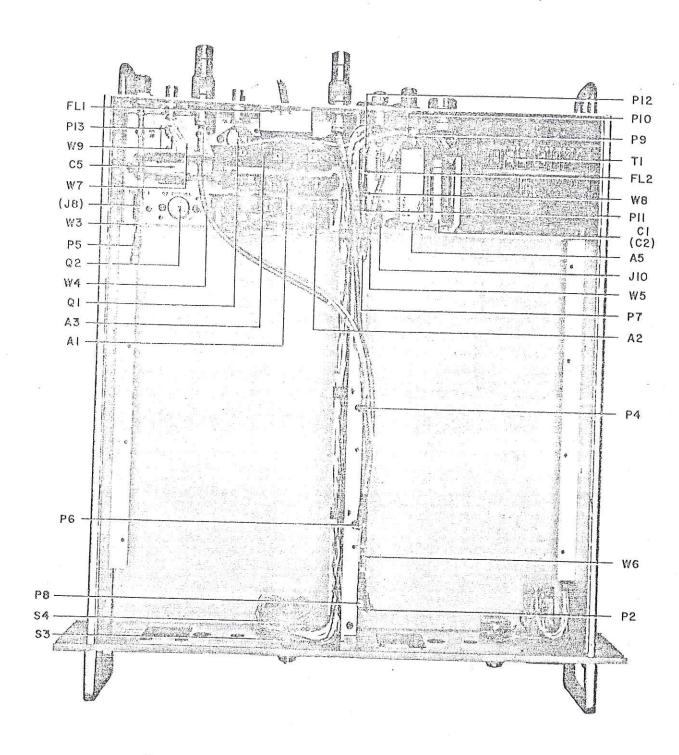


Figure 5-3. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Top View, Location of Components.

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM.
P2	CONNECTOR, PLUG	2	UG-1466/U	80058	74868
P3	Same as P1 Part of W2				
P4	Same as P2 Part of W2				
P5	CONNECTOR, PLUG	7	501-1	16179	Со
P6	CONNECTOR, PLUG	7	521-1	16179	urte
P7	Same as P5				sy c
P8	Same as P6 Part of W6				of htt
P9	CONNECTOR, PLUG	က	UG-1465/U	80028	p://s
PIO	Same as P9 Part of W8				Blac
P11	Same as P1 Part of W8				kRa
P12	Same as P1 Part of W9				idios
P13	Same as P9				s.ter
41	TRANSISTOR	7	2N3055	80131	ryo.
Q2	Same as Q1	0	×	11	
R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 27 kg, 5%, 1/2W	Н	RCR20G273JS	81349	01121
R2	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 5%, 1/4W	T	RCR07G103JS	81349	01121
R3	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 10%, 2W	П	RV4NAYSD103A	81349	01121
R4	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1.0 2, 5%, 1/2W	2	RCR20G1R0JS	81349	01121
RS	Same as R4				
SI	SWITCH, PUSH	Н	671-6A1H	87034	
S2	SWITCH, SLIDE	г	11A1211	82389	
c1					

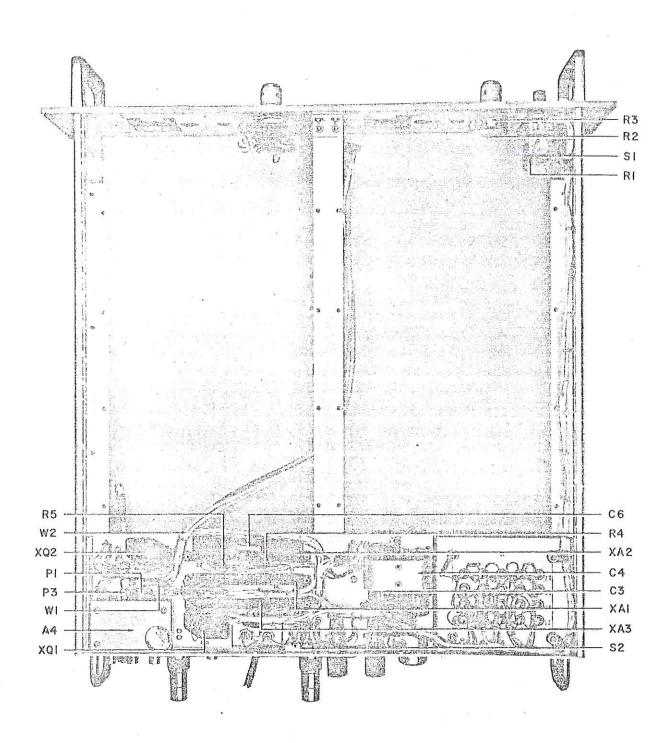


Figure 5-4. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Bottom View, Location of Components.

REF	DESCRIPTION	OTY.	MANFACTURER'S	MFR.	RECM.
		ASSY		000	トロンコンスト
23	SWITCH, TOGGLE	Т	7101	09353	
X	SWITCH, ROTARY	F-(1128-59	14632	
TI	TRANSFORMER, POWER	Н	16587	14632	
WI	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-1832	14632	Coi
W2	CABLE ASSEMBLY	H	30020-1833	14632	urtes
W3	CABLE ASSEMBLY	~	30020-1834	14632	sy of
W4	CABLE ASSEMBLY	н	30020-1835	14632	f http
W5	CABLE ASSEMBLY	-	30020-1836	14632	o://E
9M	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-1837	14632	Black
W7	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-	14632	(Ra
W8	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-	14632	dios
6M	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-	14632	.terr
XAI	CONNECTOR, PRINTED CIRCUIT CARD	8	250-22-30-170	71785	yo.c
XA2	Same as XA1				org
XA3	Same as XA1		•		
XF1	FUSEHOLDER	7	357001	75915	
XF2	Same as XF1				
XQ1	SOCKET, TRANSISTOR	7	8038-1G1	91506	
XQ2	Same as XQ1				

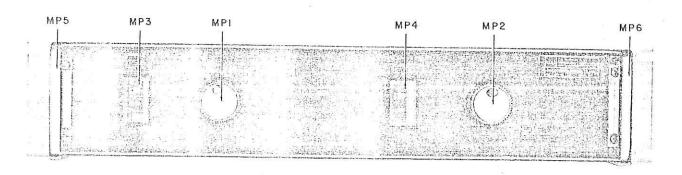


Figure 5-5. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Front View, Location of Components.

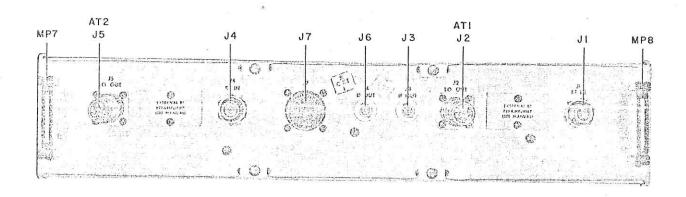


Figure 5-6. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Rear View, Location of Components.

5.4.2 Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM. VENDOR
AT1	TERMINATION	7	CT-NM	93459	
AT2	Same as AT1		128		
11	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	3004-7141-10	26805	
]2	CONNECTOR, PLUG	2	UG-1095/AU	80028	Co
]3	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	17825-1002	74868	ourte
J4	Same as J1				esy (
]5	Same as J2				of ht
J6	Same as J3	N. W.			ttp://
17	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	Н	DS00-27P	11139	'Blac
18	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	SLE14SNSS	81312	ckRa
J9	Same as J8				adio
MP1	CRANK ASSEMBLY	7	11755-5	14632	s.ter
MP2	Same as MP1			SAND AND PROPERTY.	ryo.
MP3	WINDOW	2	11448-3	14632	org
MP4	Same as MP3				
MP5	HANDLE	2	32306-2	14632	
MP6	Same as MP5				Alabert (Frank)
MP7	HANDLE	2	415-1250-01-02-00	71279	
MP8	Same as MP7				
MP9	COVER	7	30625-8	14632	
MP10	Same as MP9				

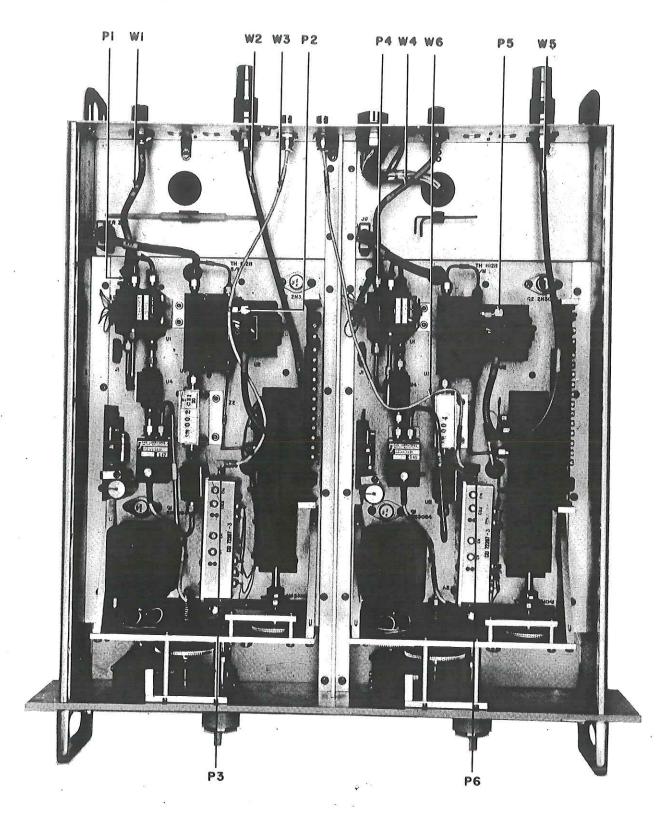


Figure 5-7. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Top View, Location of Components.

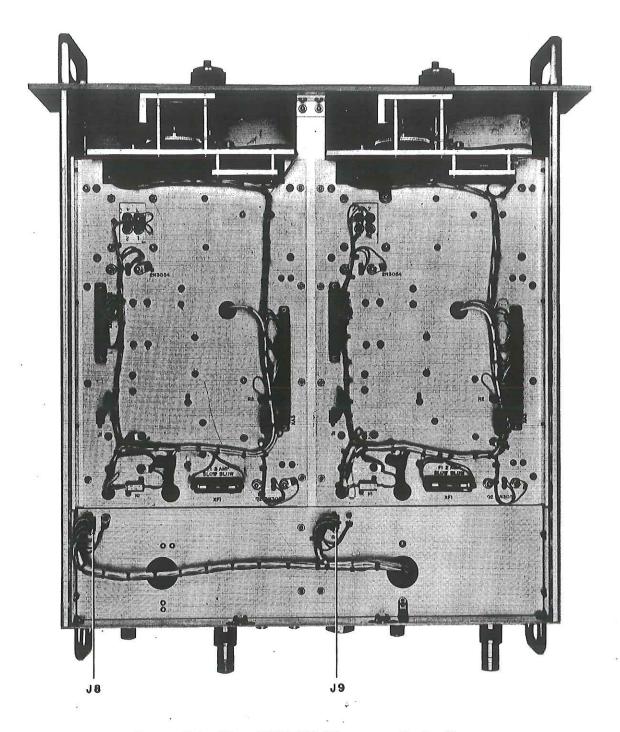


Figure 5-8. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Bottom View, Location of Components.

R. RECM. DE VENDOR	62	62	58 74868	Cc	ourte	esy o		_					ryo.d	org							
MFR. CODE	16179	16179	80028				14632	14632	14632	14632	14632	14632									
MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	501-1	521-1	UG-1466/U				30020-1838	30020-1839	30020-1840	30020-1841	30020-1842	30020-1843		e e		,	Ų				
QTY. PER ASSY	2	2	7				П	Н	Н.		Н				n and the second second	eryalty englessely. Dat	***********				
DESCRIPTION																		f.			
=						. 2			ë n										3		
es es	CONNECTOR, PLUG	CONNECTOR, PLUG	CONNECTOR, PLUG	Same as P1	Same as P2	Same as P3	CABLE ASSEMBLY				s.										
REF	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	WI	W2	W3	W4	WS	9M							S 10	S 200 S	

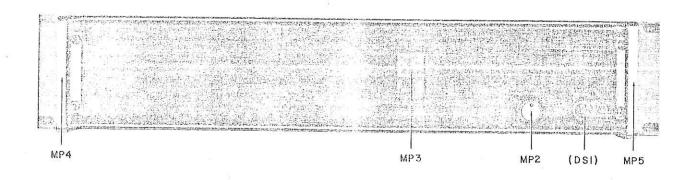


Figure 5-9. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Front View, Location of Components.

5.4.3 Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM. VENDOR
AT1	TERMINATION	Н	CT-NM	93459	
AI	AFC/+150V POWER SUPPLY	·	76228	14632	
A2	±15V POWER SUPPLY	Н	76210-1	14632	
A3	+6V & +12V POWER SUPPLY	H	76229	14632	Со
A4	IF COUPLER	Н	791170	14632	urte
A5	160-21,4 MHz CONVERTER	Н	791169	14632	sy o
Dj	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINUM: 40 μ F, -10+50%, 350V	2	39D406F350GL4	56289	f htt
C2	Same as C1				p://E
C3	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINUM: 1100 μ F, -10+75%, 40V	2	39D118G040HL4	56289	Blac
25	Same as C3	utus tostove triv	12.		kRa
C2	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, ALUMINUM: 2200 μ F, -10+75%, 25V		39D228G025HP4	56289	dios
95	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 47 μ F, 10%, 35V	н	CS13BF476K	81349	.terr
DS1	LAMP, NEON	н	AlH	87034	yo.c
FLI	FILTER, LOW-PASS	н	JN33-694B	56289	org
FL2	FILTER, LOW-PASS	н	2L250-210-0	50140	h.
FI	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3/4 AMP, 3 AG	н	MDL3/4	71400	
F2	FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3/8 AMP, 3 AG	Н	MDL3/8	71400	
Ιſ	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	3004-7141-10	26805	
]2	Same as J1				
J3	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	H	UG-1094/U	80028	74868
]4	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	н	SLE14SNSS	81312	
5					

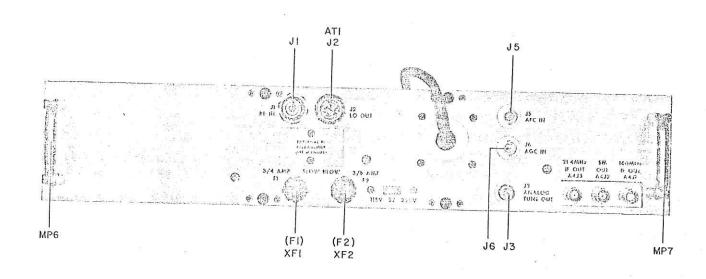


Figure 5-10. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Rear View, Location of Components.

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM. VENDOR
]5	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	17825-1002	74868	
J6	Same as J5		Ď		
MP1	CRANK ASSEMBLY	Н	11755-5	14632	
MP2	KNOB	н	PS70D2 (GREY)	21604	Co
MP3	WINDOW	Н	11448-3	14632	ourte
MP4	HANDLE	7	32306-2	14632	esy o
MP5	Same as MP4				of ht
MP6	HANDLE	C)	415-1250-01-02-00	71279	tp://
MP7	Same as MP6	Crissian a			Blac
MP8	COVER	7	30625-8	14632	kRa
MP9	Same as MP8	MORRELL			dios
Pl	CONNECTOR, PLUG	7	UG-1465/U	80028	s. te r
P2	CONNECTOR, PLUG	ιΩ	521-3	16179	ryo.
P3	Same as P2		manus Bref Saladay en	THE RESERVE	org
P4	Same as P2	-			
P5	Same as P1 Part of W3				
P6	Same as P2				
P7	CONNECTOR, PLUG	Н	501-1	16179	
P8	CONNECTOR, PLUG	н	521-1	16179	
P9	Same as P2				
P10	CONNECTOR, PLUG	Н	UG-1466/U	80028	74868
ς_					

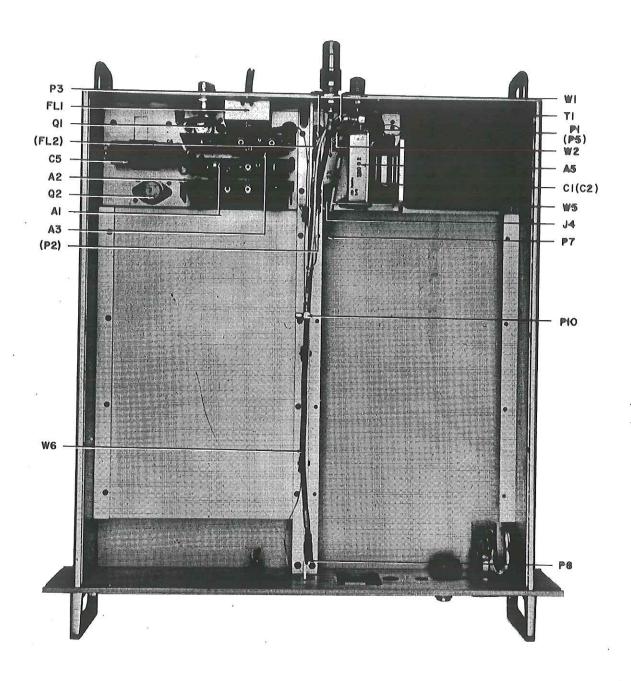


Figure 5-11. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Top View, Location of Components.

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM.
4	TRANSISTOR	2	2N3055	80131	04713
92	Same as Q1)
R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 27 kg, 5%, 1/2W	Н	RCR20G273JS	81349	01121
R2	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G103JS	81349	C C 110
R3	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 10%, 2W	Н	RV4NAYSD103A	81349	ur te
R4	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1.0 0, 5%, 1/2W	2	RCR20G1R0JS	81349	
R5	Same as R4				
SI	SWITCH, PUSH	pro-1	671-6AIH	87034	tp:// l
S2	SWITCH, SLIDE	н	11A1211	82389	Blac
83	SWITCH, TOGGLE		7101	09353	kRa
TI	TRANSFORMER, POWER	——————————————————————————————————————	16587	14632	dios
W1	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-	14632	terr.
WZ	CABLE ASSEMBLY	H	30020-	14632	yo.c
W3	CABLE ASSEMBLY	ı—(30020-	14632	org
W4	CABLE ASSEMBLY	Н	30020-	14632	
W5	CABLE ASSEMBLY		30020-	14632	
9M	CABLE ASSEMBLY	H	30020-	14632	
XA1	CONNECTOR, PRINTED CIRCUIT CARD	8	250-22-30-170	71785	
XA2	Same as XA1				
XA3	Same as XA1		al.		
XF1	FUSEHOLDER	2	342004	75915	
5-					

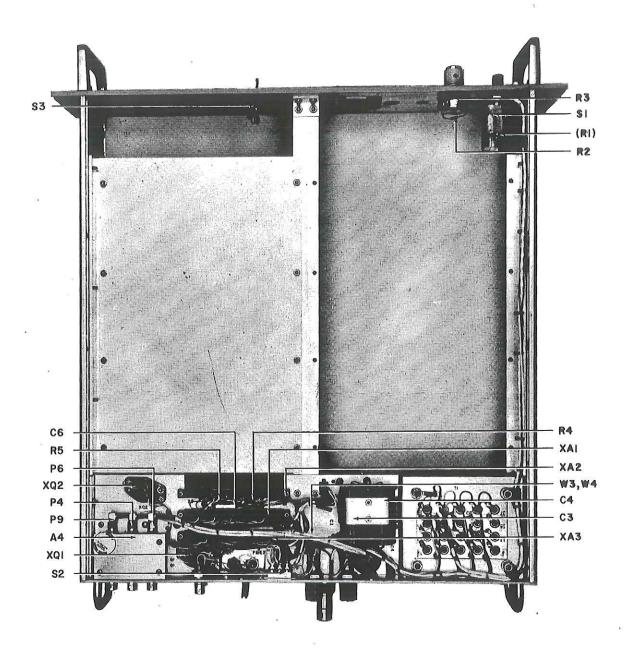


Figure 5-12. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Bottom View, Location of Components.

XF2		DESCRIPTION	PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM.
XQ1	Same as XF1 SOCKET, TRANSISTOR		7	8038-1G1	91506	or than an America A theorem compares may article
XQ2	Same as XQ1		20.0			
	9					Cou
						rtesy
estilitiri 4 Arvathairhaifea						of ht
						tp://E
g A, vo glavna g pakipana						Black
			-			Radic
						s.te
				E .	drap-custos.	rryo.
				100		org
es.						
	22			QEI U		
	v					
	ar B		*********	ā		
	8					

REF DESIG PREFIX A1 (MTF-100A and MTF-102A, only)

,	Supply
1	Power
1	
	76228 AF
	Type ,
,	4

5.4.4	Type 76228 AFC/+150V Power Supply		ILM	MTF-102A,	only)
REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM. VENDOR
CR1	DIODE	8	1N4449	80131	93332
CR2	Same as CR1				
CR3	Same as CR1				
CR4	DIODE		1N5297	80131	047130
CI	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 10 μ F, 10%, 20V	7	CS13BE106K	81349	urtes
G2	Same as C1				sy o
C3	NOT USED				f htt
40	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 1.0 μ F, 10%, 35V	7	CS13BF105K	81349	2628 d
G5	Same as C4				Black
G6	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 0.01 µF, 10%, 35V	2	150D104X9035A2	56289	(Rad
C7	Same as C6				dios
Q1	TRANSISTOR	Н	2N4064	80131	.terr
Q2	TRANSISTOR	Н	2N929	80131	yo .c
63	TRANSISTOR	Н	2N3440	80131	0471 ©
49	TRANSISTOR	Н	U1899E	15818	
RA1	HEATSINK	Н	2225B	13103	
R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G473JS	81349	01121
R2	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 30 kg, 5%, 1W	н	RCR32G303JS	81349	01121
R3	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470 A, 5%, 1W	П	RCR32G471JS	81349	01121
R4	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2.2 kg, 5%, 1/4W	н	RCR07G222JS	81349	01121
R5	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 152, 5%, 1/4W		RCR07G150JS	81349	01121
5					

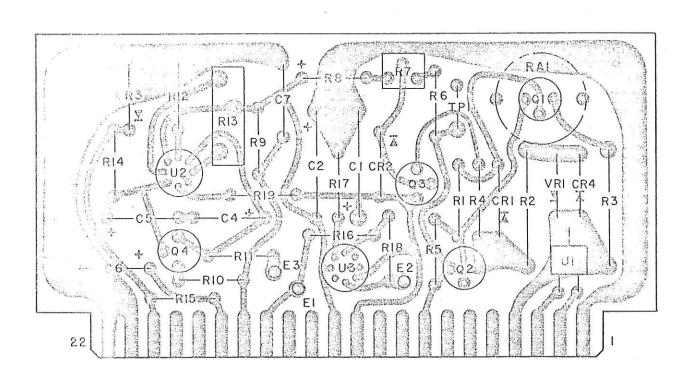


Figure 5-13. Type 76228 AFC/+150 V Power Supply (A1), Location of Components.

REF DESIG PREFIX A1 (MTF-100A and MTF-102A only)

	r.		M.T.	MI F-10ZA	only)
REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	OTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM.
RG	100				
2	THE TOTAL TITLE, COINT COLLICIN: 100 Ms, 5%, 1/4W	4:	RCR07G104JS	81349	01121
R7	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, FILM: 10 kg, 10%, 1/2 W	r	62PAR10K	73138	
R8	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 22 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G223JS	81349	01121
R.9	Same as R6	gan ngcasgi			
R10	Same as R6		Tr.		Cou
R11	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 5%, 1/4W	4	RCR07G103JS	81349	rtes;
R12	Same as R11	il respective difference in the second		W	
R13	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, FILM: 10 kg, 10%, 3/4W	Н	89PR10K	73138	http:
R14	Same as R6				://Bla
R15	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 75 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G753JS	81349	ack[
R16	Same as R11				Radi
R17	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 5.1 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G512JS	81349	01123 so
R18	Same as R11		ži.		erryo
R19	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2.7 a, 5%, 1/4W		RCR07G2R7JS	81349	01130.c
TPI	Jack, TIP	Н	TJ203R	49956)
UI	RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY	н	MDA940A7	04713	
U2	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT	7	U5B7741393	07263	
U3	Same as U2		9		
VR1	DIODE, ZENER	Н	1N4763A	80131	MODEL THE WHILE HERE
				#0	
					2.
5					

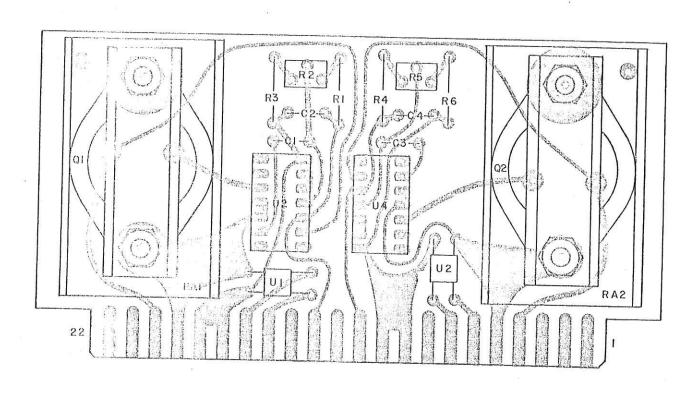


Figure 5-14. Type 76210-1 ±15 V Power Supply (A2), Location of Components,

REF DESIG PREFIX A2 (MTF-100, and MTF-102A, only)

5.4.5 Type 76210-1 ±15V Power Supply

RECM.		and the same		C-Sheduning		Cor 1750	ırtes	y of	http	:// B I	ackl	Radi 0117a	ios.t	erry	'O.O	g							
MFR.	9	72136	56289	Alaka		80131		13103		81349	73138	81349				04713	07263	В				no tomorina des	
MANFACTURER'S PART NO		DM15-501J	196D225X0035JA1			2N3055		6103B		RCR07G332JS	62PARIK	RCR07G272JS				MDA920A3	U6A7723393						
구 구 교 일	りつりば	CI	C-3			C)	Diction de	7	Continues.	7	Ŋ	7				7	7				P. P. L. P. P. P. P. L. P.		
DESCRIPTION	1	CAFACITOR, MICA, DIPPED: 500 pF, 5%, 500V	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 2.2 µF, 20%, 35V	Same as C1	Same as C2	TRANSISTOR	Same as Q1	HEATSINK	Same as RA1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 3.3 kg, 5%, 1/4W	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, FILM: 1 kg, 10%, 1/2W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2.7 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Same as R1	Same as R2	Same as R3	DIODE ASSEMBLY	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT	Same as U1	Same as U2		ī		
REF DESIG	5	3	S	C3	O 4,	61	0,5	RA1	RA2	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	ŭ	U2	U3	U4				

REF DESIG PREFIX A3 (MTF-100A & MTF-102A, only)

REF DESIG PREFIX	
	F12V Power Supply
	VDe

1					•
CC IVI IV	NOIL a la Caracter de	> 0 - u	MANFACTURER'S	MFR.	RECM.
DESIG		ASSY	PART NO.	CODE	VENDOR
CRI	DIODE	73	1N4998	80131	04713
CR2	Same as CR1	****	m. Auri. Trifficus of g		
CR3	DIODE	7	1N4449	80131	93332
CR4	Same as CR3	- 1-m - 22			
ŭ	CAPACITOR, MICA, DIPPED: 500 pF, 5%, 500V	C/I	DM15-501J	72136	Cou
C5	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 10 μ F, 10%, 20V	2	CS13BE106K	81349	es 295
C3	Same as C1				sy o
70	Same as C2	UTO V 100-40			f htt _l
C2	NOT USED				p://E
9) Ce	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, TANTALUM: 1.0 μ F, 10%, 35V	7	CS13BF105K	81349	8la ck 292
7	Same as C6			ð	Rac
RI	RESISTOR, FIXED, WIRE-WOUND: 0.62 \alpha, 5\%, 2\W	Н	ВWНО. 62J	75042	dios.
R2	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 7.5 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Н	RCR07G752JS	81349	terry
R3	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, FILM: 10 kg, 10%, 1/2W	7	62PAR10K	73138	/O.OI
R4	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 18 kg, 5%, 1/4W	Т	RCR07G183JS	81349	a 01121
R5	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 6.8 kg, 5%, 1/4W	П	RCR07G682JS	81349	01121
R6	Same as R3				
R7	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 43 kg, 5%, 1/4W		RCR07G433JS	81349	01121
R8	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 9.1 kg, 5%, 1/4W	П	RCR07G912JS	81349	01121
R9	RESISTOR, FIXED, WIRE-WOUND: 1.5 a, 5% 2W	П	BWH1.5J	75042	
R10	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470 kg, 5%, 1/4W	p=	RCR07G474JS	81349	01121
5					

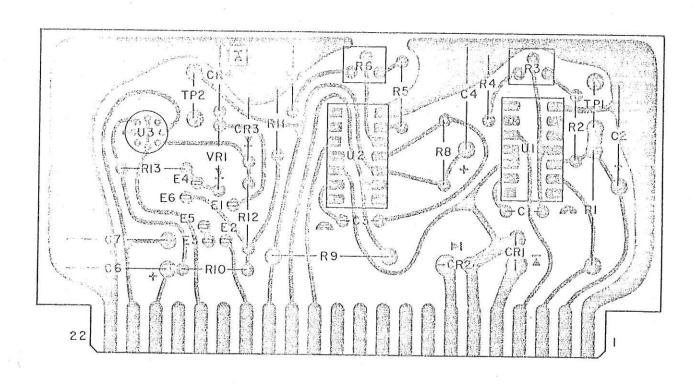


Figure 5-15. Type 76229 +6 V and +12 V Power Supply/AGC Amplifier (A3), Location of Components.

REF DESIG PREFIX A3 (MTF-100A & MTF-102A. o

y)	RECM. VENDOR	01121	01121	01121	(Cou	rtes	y of	http	:// B	ackRadios.terryo.org
A, only)						*****			and the same	047	
MIF-102A,	MFR. CODE	81349	81349	81349	49956		07263		07263	80131	
	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	RCR07G105JS	RCR07G473JS	RCR07G303JS	TJ203R		U6A7723393	mad 1 tig	U5B7741393	1N758A	
	QTY. PER ASSY	Н	-	H	7	************	2	lisarriena che tendente	F-1	Н	
	DESCRIPTION	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1.0 MΩ, 5%, 1/4W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47 kg, 5%, 1/4W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 30 kg, 5%, 1/4W	JACK, TIP	Same as TP1	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT	Same as U1	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT	DIODE, ZENER	
	REF DESIG	RII	R12	R13	TP1	TP2	5	22	U3	VRI	

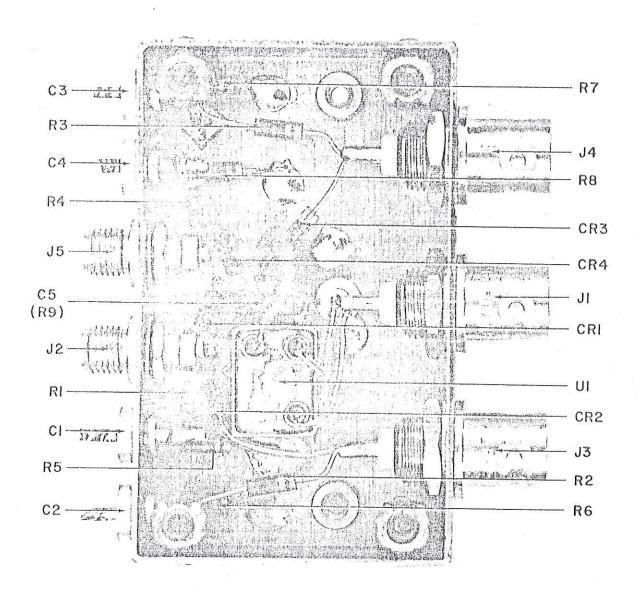


Figure 5-16. Type 791168 IF Coupler (A4), Location of Components.

5.4.7	Type 791168 IF Coupler	REF	DESIG PREFIX A4 (MTF-100A, only)	F-100A,	only)
REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM.
CR1	DIODE	4	BA136E	25088	
CR2	Same as CR1	MAY POTTERNA)	Principal de la Landig dell' di Sa
CR3	Same as CR1	\$47			Physical Physical Standards
CR4	Same as CR1				(
CI	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, FEEDTHRU: 1000 pF, GMV, 500V	4	FA5C102W	01121	Cou
C2	Same as C1				rtes
E C	Same as C1				y of
Q 4	Same as C1		Ĩ	WT 170000	http
C2	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 0.01 μ F, 20%, 500V	Н	SMO1µFM	91418	://Bla
11	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	w	UG-1094/U	80028	ack / 9872
]2	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	2	2058-0000	26805	Radi
J3	Same as J1				os.te
]4	Same as J1				erryo
<u>J</u> 5	Same as J2				o.or(
J6	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	П	10-0104-002	19505	g
MP1	COVER	Н	23256-1	14632	Agazza wali Yanaza
R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1.0 kg, 5%, 1/4W	∞	RCR07G102JS	81349	01121
R2	Same as R1				
R3	Same as RI				*********
R4	Same as R1				
R5	Same as R1				
5-					

REF DESIG PREFIX A4 (MTF-100A, only)

RECM. VENDOR	Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org
MFR. CODE	81349
MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	RCR07G471JS 791173
QTY. PER ASSY	н н
DESCRIPTION	Same as R1 Same as R1 Same as R1 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470 a, 5%, 1/4W POWER DIVIDER
	Same as R1 Same as R1 RESISTOR, FIXE POWER DIVIDER
REF SISIG	R6 R9 U1

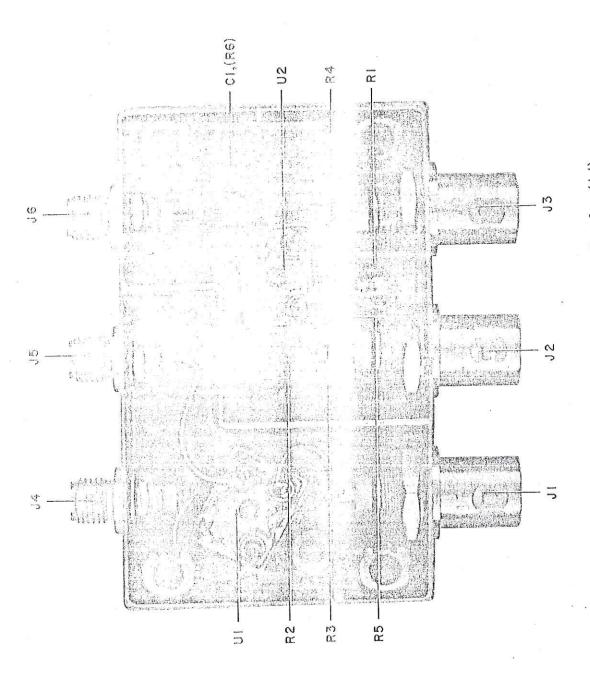


Figure 5-17. Type 791170 IF Coupler (A4), Location of Components,

Type 791170 IF Coupler	以田田	DESIG PREFIX A4 (MTF-102A, only)	FF-102A,	only)
DESCRIPTION	QTY. PER ASSY	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR. CODE	RECM. VENDOR
CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 0.01 μ F, 20%, 500V	Т	$SMOI\mu F$, M	91418	
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	က	UG-1094/U	80028	74868
Same as JI	on v			
Same as J1				(
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE	က	2058-0000	26805	Cour
Same as 14				tesy
Same as J4		COST BASING games		of
COVER	Н	23272-1	14632	http:
RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 91 0, 5%, 1/4W	2	RCR07G910JS	81349	0112 8 //:
RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 430 B, 5%, 1/4W	N	RCR07G431JS	81349	ackF
RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 75 \Delta, 5\%, 1/4W		RCR07G750JS	81349	Radi
RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 11 0, 5%, 1/4W		RCR07G110JS	81349	05:te
Same as R1		Aprillian (CV) La per de mar	Aprilla No. of the State of the	erryo
Same as R2		0		o.org
POWER DIVIDER	7	791173	14632	9
Same as U1	======================================			
		8		
	IP-21110 67711			

J5 J6 MP1 R1 R2

R3

及4

R6 U1 U2

以5

5.4.8

REF DESIG

ŭ

12 12 44

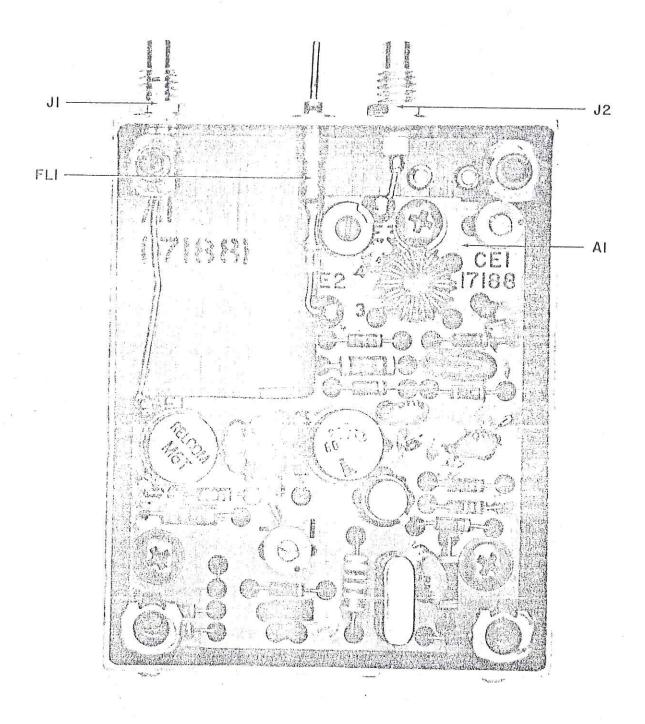


Figure 5-18. Type 791169 160/21.4 MHz Converter Assembly (A5), Location of Components.

VENDOR RECM. Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org MTF-102A, only) REF DESIG PREFIX A5 (MTF-100A & CODE 14632 19505 MFR. 00779 MANFACTURER'S PART NO. 10-0104-002 859550-1 17188 QTY. PER ASSY DESCRIPTION Type 791169 160-21.4 MHz Converter CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE FILTER, LOW-PASS CONVERTER Same as J1 5.4.9 DESIG 四四 Y

REF DESIG PREFIX A5A1 (MTF-100A & MTF-102A, only)

5.4.9.1 Part 17188 Converter

RECM.		er Alamandina Island	de annuel en l'algandati	(Cou r 295	tesy	of I	nttp:	//Bla	ackF	Radi	os.te	engyo	o.org)		02735	02735	01121		01121
MFR. CODE	93958	91418	72982	93958	81349		72982		72982				81349	93958	72259	00866	80131	80131	81349		81349
MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	ICIRC	SMIOCOPFP	518-000A2.5-9	1C2.5RK	CK05BX220K		8131A200Z5U0-103M		518-000A5-25	e e			CM05ED470J03	1C5RK	DD0.10	1025-04	2N5109	2N3478	RCR05G8R2JS		RCR05G151JS
PER ASSY	p=-(:di	F-(F-1	The state of the s	Н		Н	wie pod i wrzy	- IEDIGAT SPANN	-			Н		Н	Н	7		н
DESCRIPTION	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 1 pF, 0.25 pF, 50V	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 1000 pF, GMV, 500V	CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC: 2.59 pF, 100V	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 2.5 pF, 10%, 50V	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 22 pF, 10%, 50V	Same as C2	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 0.01 μ F, 20%, 200V	Same as C2	CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC: 5-2.5 pF, 100V	NOT USED	Same as C2	NOT USED	CAPACITOR MICA, DIPPED: 47 pF, 5%, 500V	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 5 pF, 10%, 50V	COIL, FIXED: 0.10 μ H, 10%	COIL, FIXED: 0.22 μ H, 10%	TRANSISTOR	TRANSISTOR	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 8.2 \alpha, 5\%, 1/8W	Same as R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 150 A, 5%, 1/8W
REF DESIG	CJ	CZ	CG	ď	5	90	Q2	80	60	010	CIII	C12	C13	C14	L1	L2	41	92	RI	R2	R3

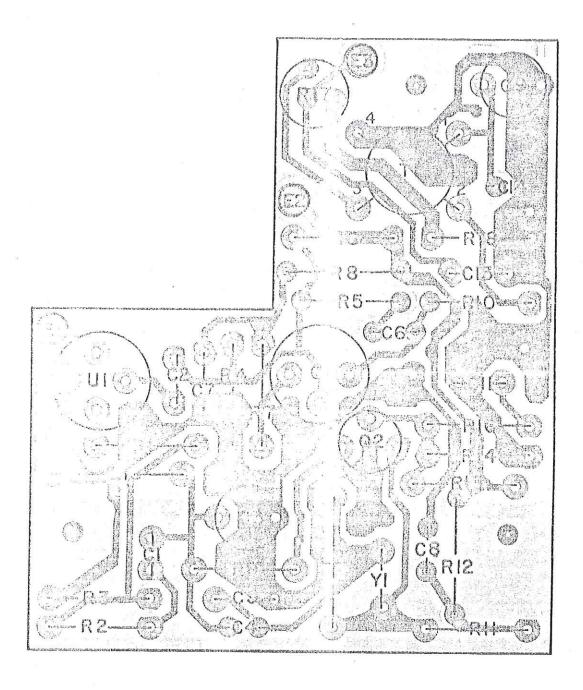


Figure 5-19. Part 17188 160/21.4 MHz Converter (A5A1), Location of Components.

	RECM. VENDOR	01121	01121	01121	01121	C gu	rtes	y:0f	http 110	://BI	ack	Radi 110	ios.t	erty	o.or	01121					
	MFR.	81349	81349	81349	81349	81349	81349	81349	81349		81349	81349		81349	73138	81349	14632	27956	14632		
	MANFACTURER'S PART NO.	RCR05G822JS	RCR05G821JS	RCR05G123JS	RCR05G5R6JS	RCR07G471JS	RCR05G220JS	RCR05G470JS	RCR05G102JS	e e	RCR05G682JS	RCR05G103JS		RCR05G100JS	62PR100	RCR05G620JS	22692-1	M6T	98204-5		
	QTY. PER ASSY	Н	Н	- -(-	7	Н	Н		enskandilis (h	Н	H	2-4 C-11-U-	Н	-	Н	-	Н.	Н		#0
	DESCRIPTION	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 8.2 kg, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 820 A, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 12 kg, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 5.6 A, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470 A, 5%, 1/4W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 22 A, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47 A, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1.0 kg, 5%, 1/8W	Same as R8	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 6.8 kg, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10 kg, 5%, 1/8W	NOT USED	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10 2, 5%, 1/8W	RESISTOR, VARIABLE, FILM: 100 \alpha, 10\%, 1/2W	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 62 2, 5%, 1/8W	COIL, TOROIDAL	MIXER, BALANCED	CRYSTAL, QUARTZ		
7	REF DESIG	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11	R12	R13	R14	R15	R16*	R17	R18	I	IJ	Y1	Photography	dennika der ellik

Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org

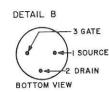
SECTION VI

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

NOTES:

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- o) RESISTANCE IS MEASURED IN OHMS ± 5% 1/4 W.
- b) CAPACITANCE IS MEASURED IN u.F.
- 2. ENCIRCLED NUMBERS ARE MODULE PIN NUMBERS.
- 3. LEAD ARRANGEMENT FOR U2 AND U3 IS IN DETAIL A.
- 4. LEAD ARRANGEMENT FOR Q4 IS IN DETAIL B.
- 5. USE ONLY WITH THE FOLLOWING DEMODULATORS WHOSE OUTPUT IS A POSITIVE VOLTAGE WITH A POSITIVE FREQUENCY INPUT CHANGE ABOVE 160 MHz, CONNECT E1 TO E3. DM 112,1FD 210.
 ALL OTHER DEMODULATORS WILL HAVE A NEGATIVE VOLTAGE AFC OUTPUT WITH A POSITIVE FREQUENCY INPUT CHANGE ABOVE 160 MHz AND E2 SHOULD BE CONNECTED TO E3 IN THESE CASES.





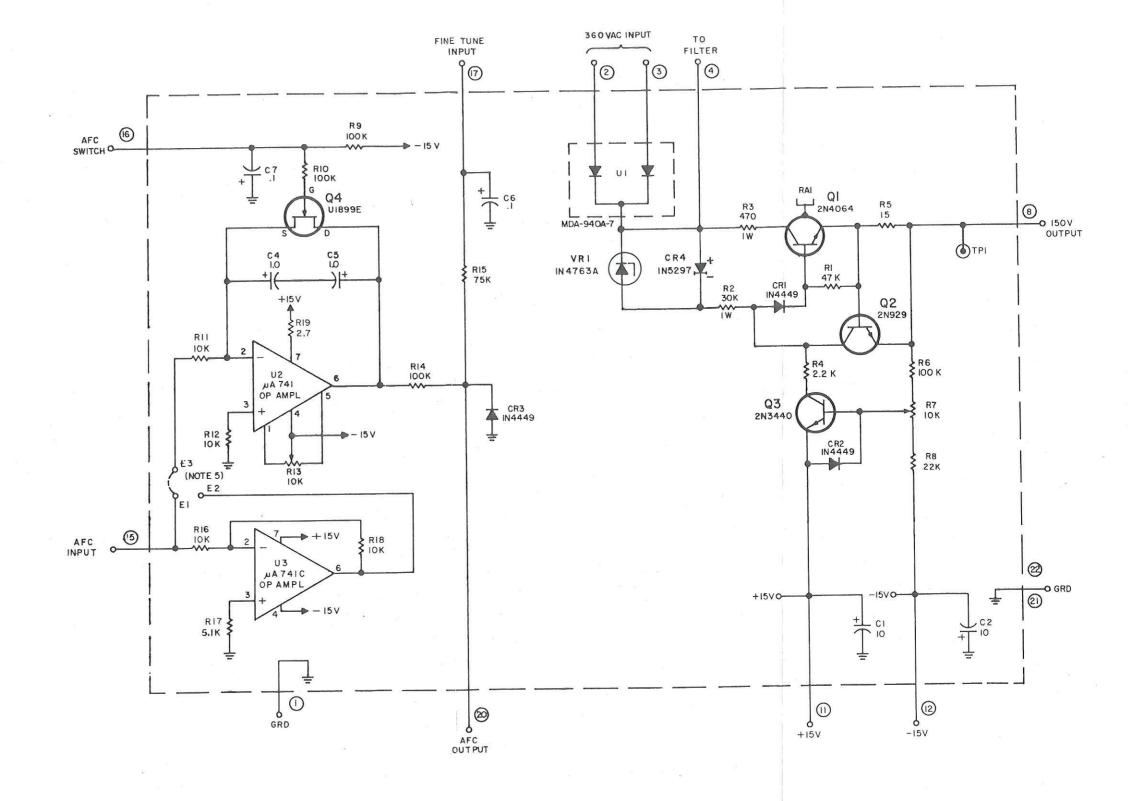
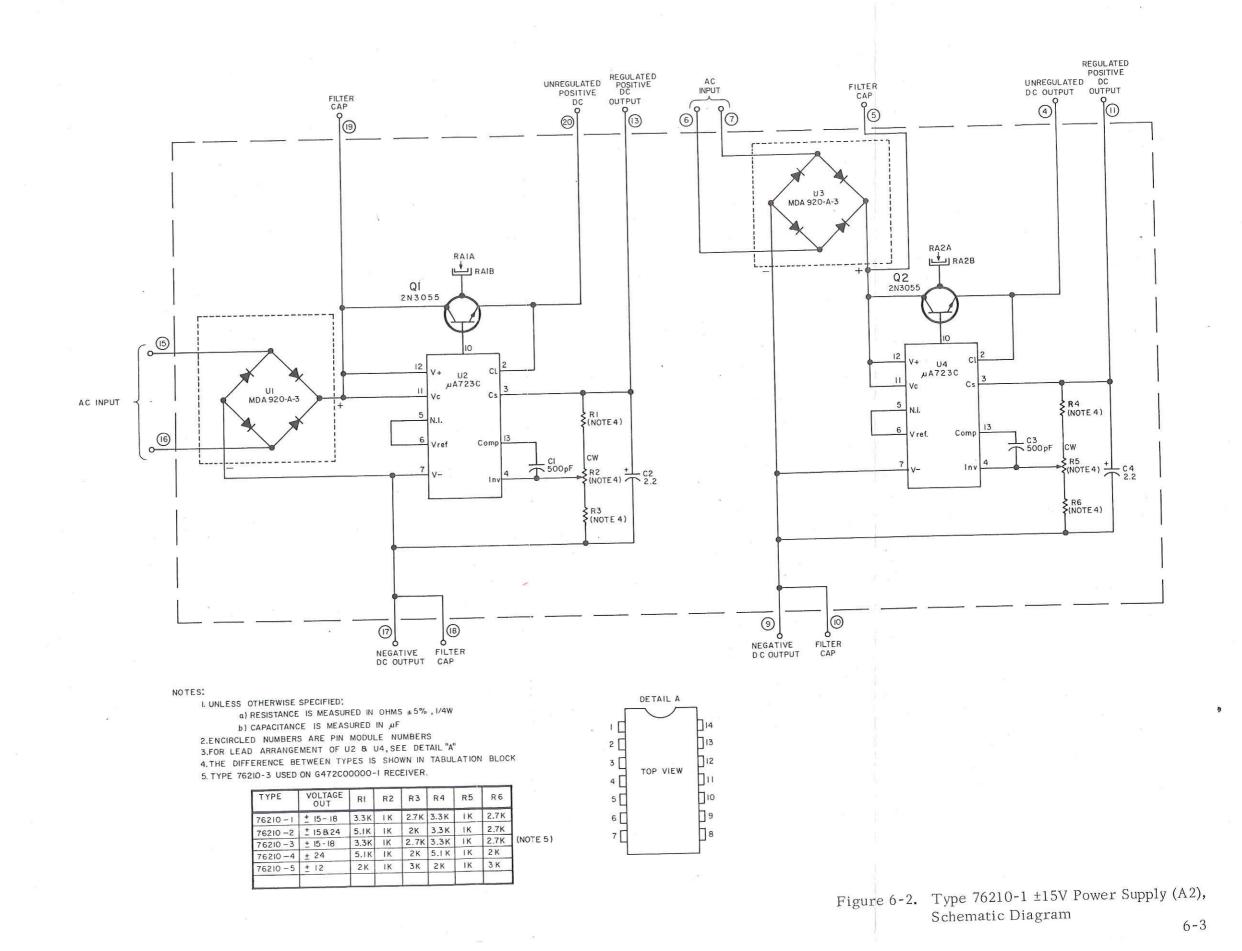


Figure 6-1. Type 76228 AFC/+150V Power Supply (A1), Schematic Diagram 6-2



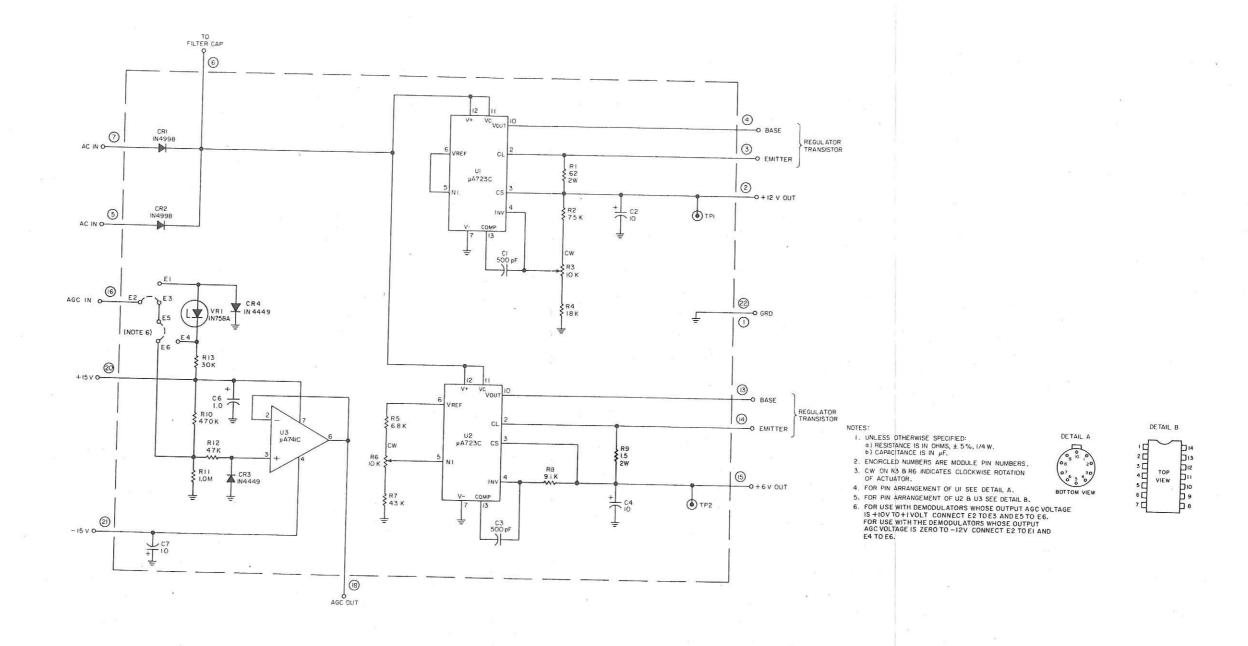
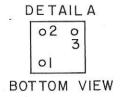


Figure 6-3. Type 76229 +6V and +12V Power Supply/AGC Amplifier (A3), Schematic Diagram

NOTES

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:
 a) RESISTANCE IS IN OHMS, ± 5%, 1/4W.
 b) CAPACITANCE IS IN pF.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT FOR UI IS SHOWN IN DETAIL A.



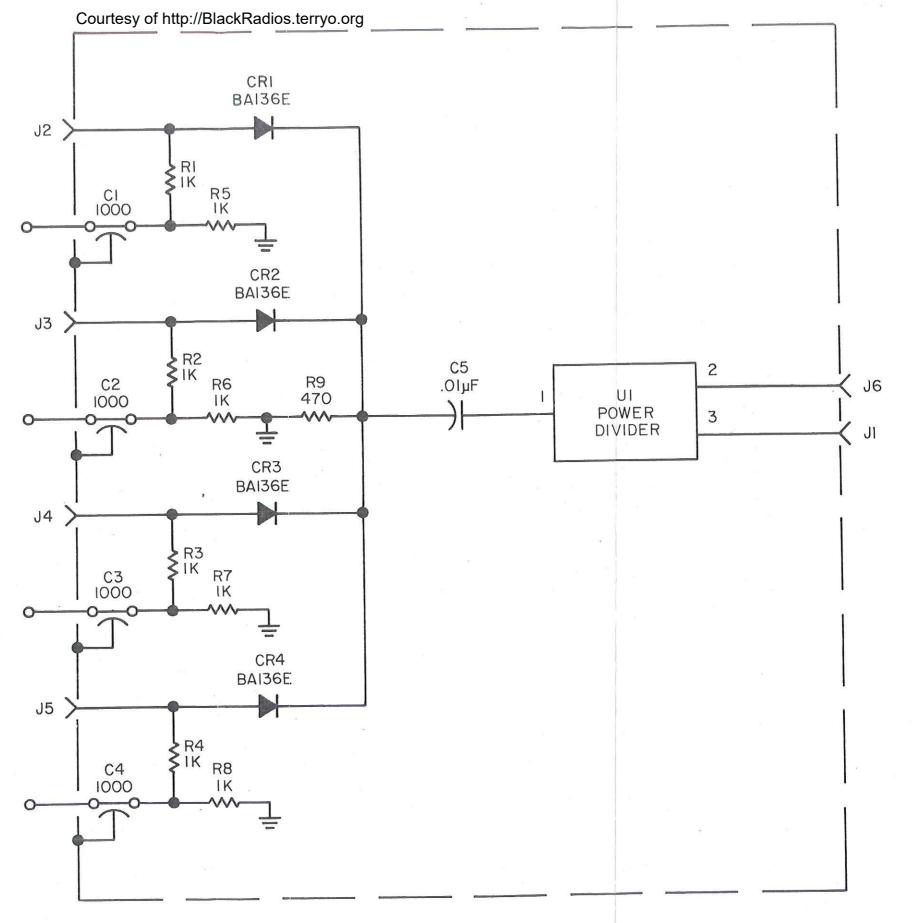
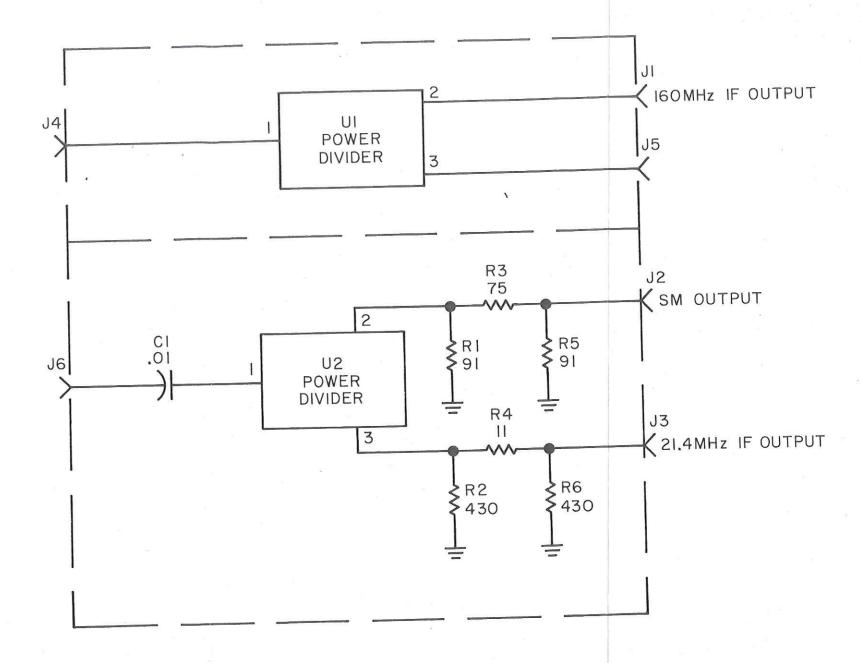


Figure 6-4. Type 791168 IF Coupler (A4), Schematic Diagram (MTF-100A only) 6-5



NOTES:

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:
 - a) RESISTANCE IS IN OHMS, ±5%, 1/4W.
 - b) CAPACITANCE IS IN µF.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT OF UI, U2 IS SHOWN IN DETAIL A.

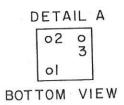
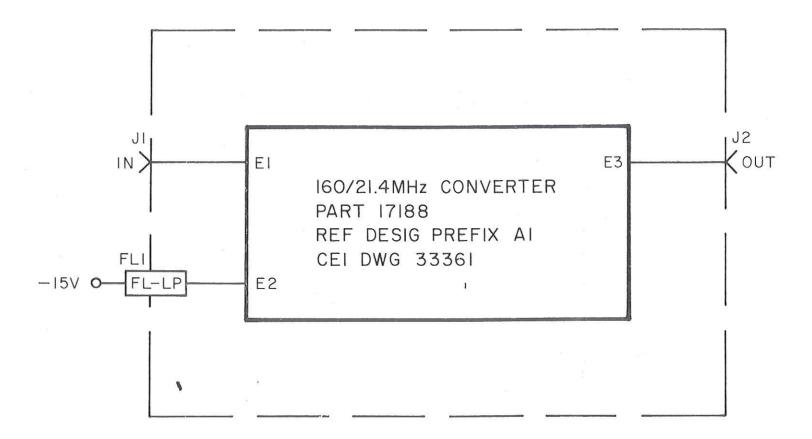
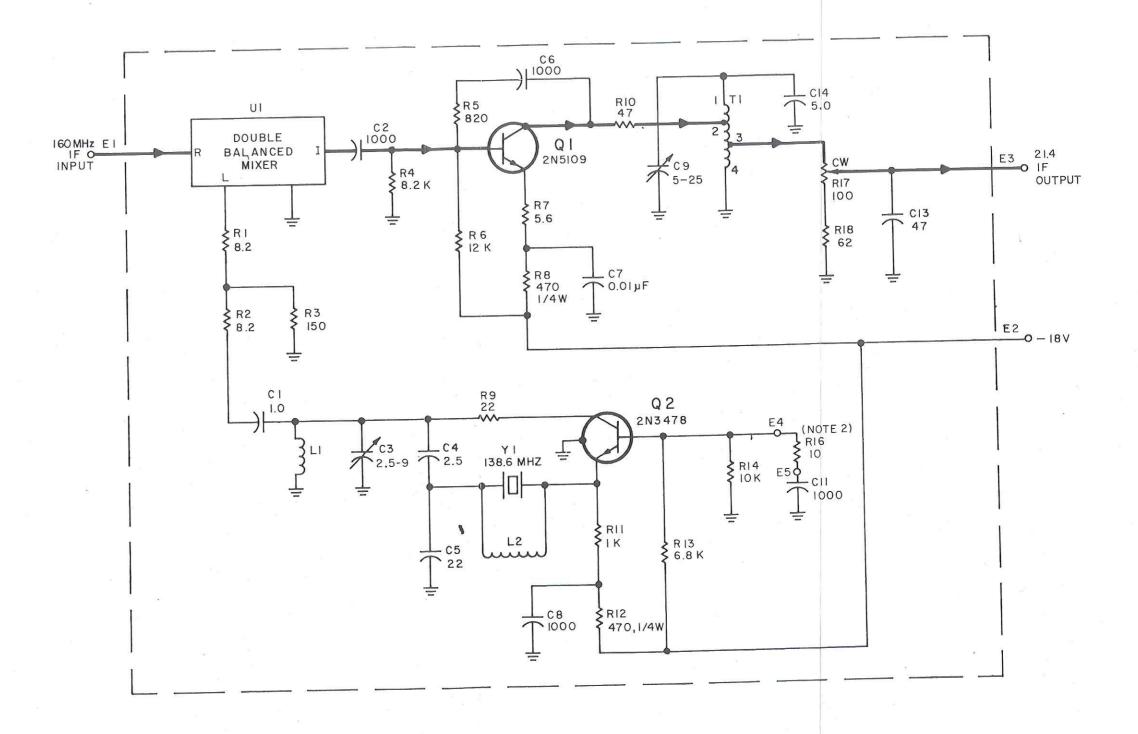


Figure 6-5. Type 791170 IF Coupler (A4), Schematic Diagram (MTF-102A only) 6-6





NOTES

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 - a) CAPACITANCE IS MEASURED IN pF.
 - b) RESISTANCE IS MEASURED IN OHMS, 1/8 W, 5 %.
- 2. NOMINAL VALUE, FINAL VALUE FACTORY SELECTED.
- 3.CW ON RI7 INDICATES CLOCKWISE ROTATION OF ACTUATOR.
- 4. HEAVY LINE INDICATES MAIN SIGNAL PATH.

Figure 6-7. Part 17188 160/21.4 MHz Converter (A5A1), Schematic Diagram

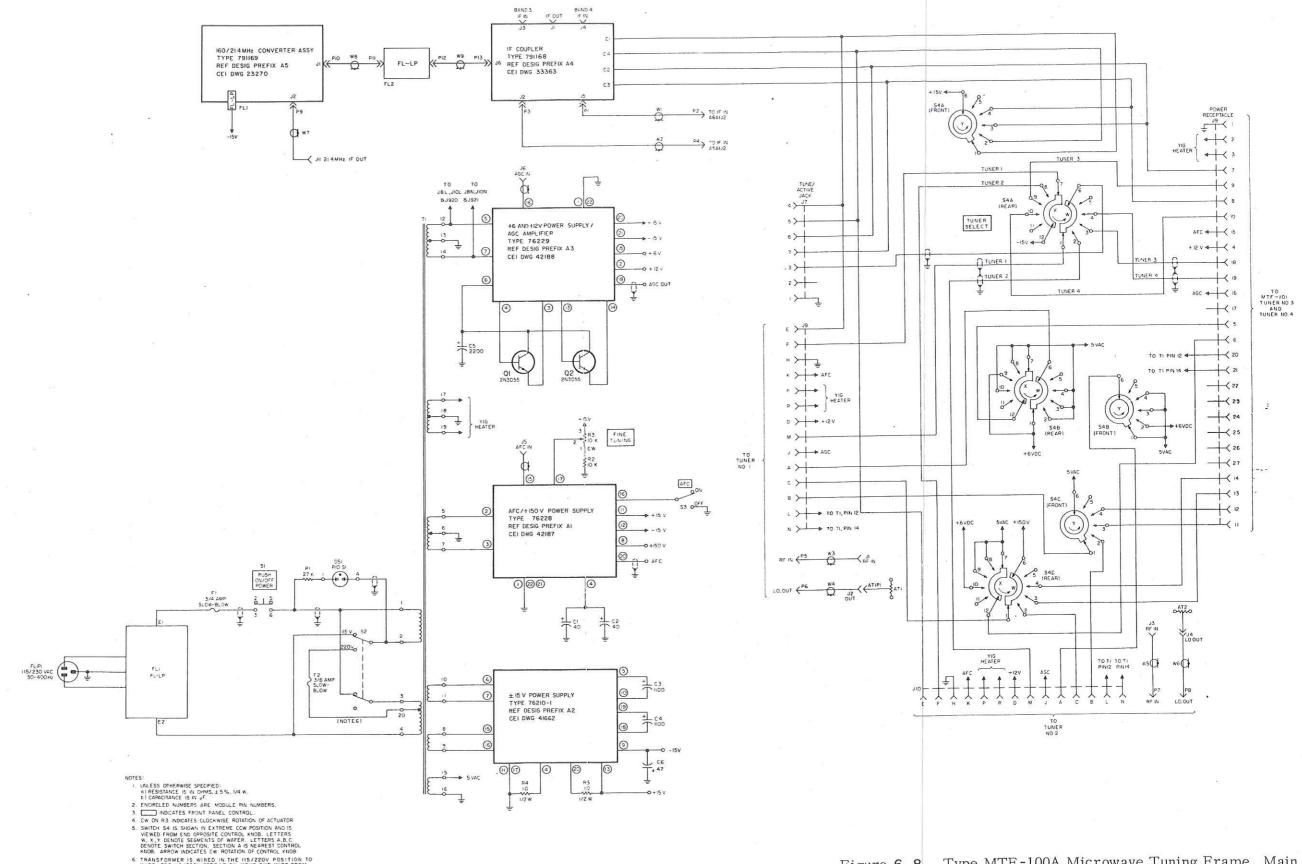


Figure 6-8. Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis Schematic Diagram

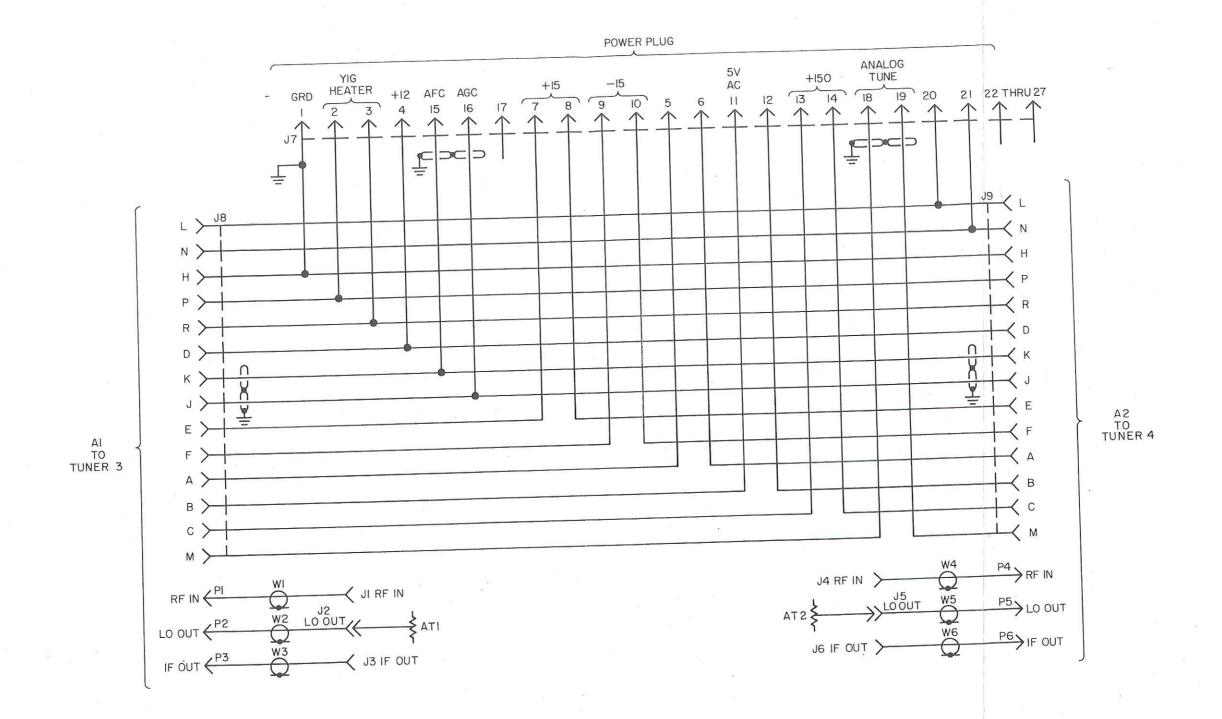


Figure 6-9. Type MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis Schematic Diagram

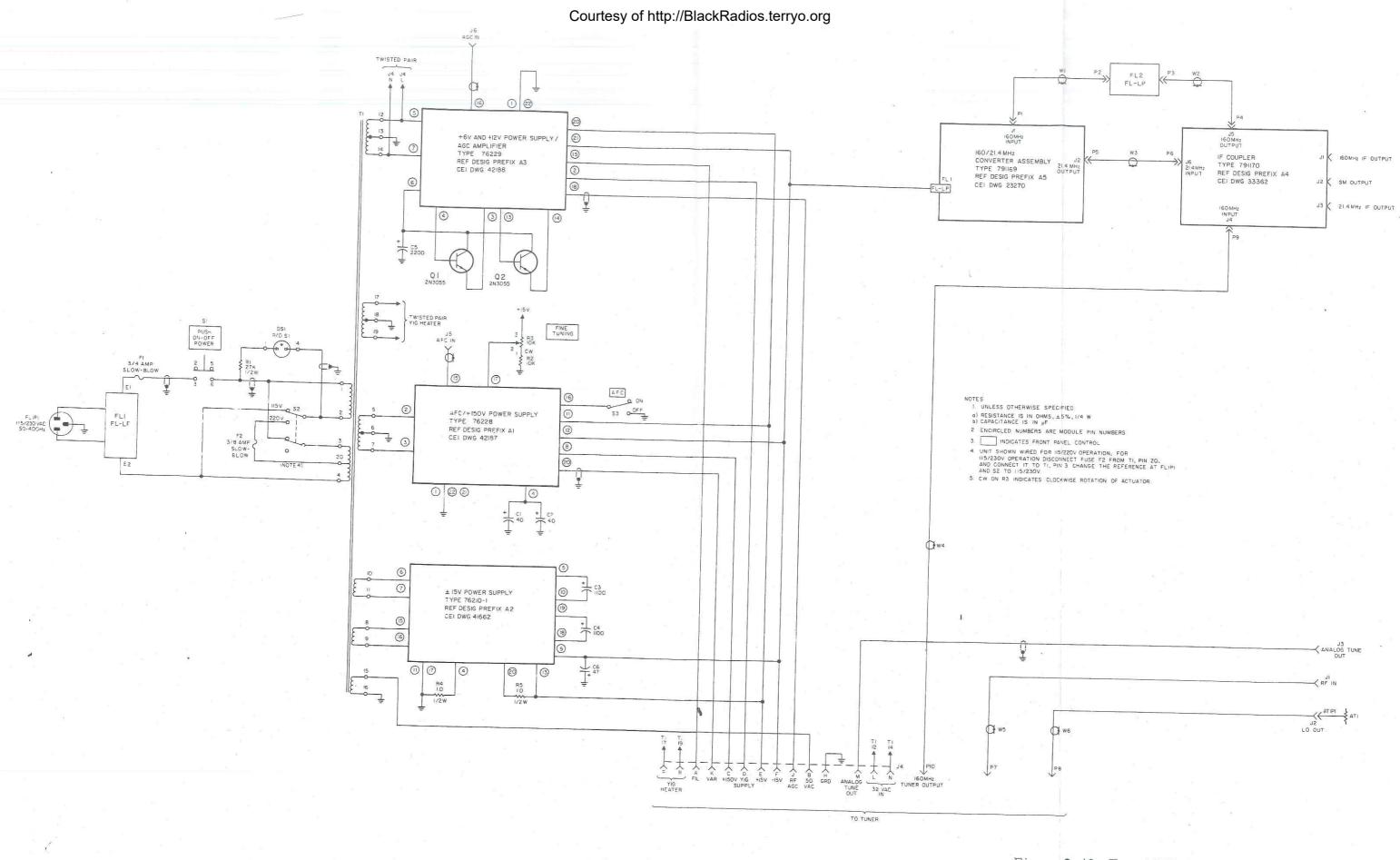


Figure 6-10. Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame,
Main Chassis Schematic Diagram

Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

FOR

TYPES MTF-100A, MTF-101, AND
MTF-102A MICROWAVE TUNING FRAMES

WATKINS—JOHNSON COMPANY
700 Quince Orchard Road
Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878

WARNING

This equipment employs voltages which are dangerous and may be fatal if contacted. Extreme caution should be exercised in working with the equipment with any of the protective covers removed.

PROPRIETARY STATEMENT

This document and subject matter disclosed herein are proprietary items to which Watkins-Johnson Company retains the exclusive right of dissemination, reproduction, manufacture and sale.

This document is provided to the individual or using organization for their use alone in the direct support of the associated equipment unless permission or further disclosure is expressly granted in writing.

EQUIPMENT MALFUNCTIONS

This unit was thoroughly inspected and factory adjusted for optimum performance prior to shipment. If an apparent malfunction is encountered after installation, verify that the correct input signals are present at the proper connectors. Prior to taking any corrective maintenance action or breaking any seals, contact your Watkins-Johnson representative, or the Watkins-Johnson Company Service Department to prevent the possibility of voiding the terms of the warranty. Contact the Watkins-Johnson Company via mail, telephone, wire, or cable at:

Watkins Johnson Company Company Service Department 700 Quince Orchard Road Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878-1794

Toll Call: (301) 948-7550 Ext. 7201 TELEX: 89-8402 TWX: 710-828-0546 TELEFAX: (301) 921-9479 EASYLINK: 62928185

If reshipment is necessary, follow the instructions in the following paragraph (Preparation for Reshipment or Storage). Do not return the equipment until a Return for Maintenance Authorization (RMA) number has been obtained from the Watkins-Johnson Company's Customer Service Department. See Item 10 in the General Terms and Conditions of Sale paper (WJ Form # WJ-151-X) for more information on equipment returns.

PREPARATION FOR RESHIPMENT OR STORAGE

If the unit must be prepared for reshipment, the packaging method should follow the pattern established in the original shipment. Use the best packaging materials available to protect the unit during reshipment or storage. When possible, use the original packing container and cushioning materials. If the original packing materials are not available, use the following procedure:

- 1. Wrap the unit in sturdy paper or plastic.
- Place the wrapped unit in a strong shipping container and place a layer of shock-absorbing material (3/4-inch minimum thickness) around all sides of the unit to provide a firm cushion and to prevent movement inside the container.

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- 3. If shipping the unit for service, fill out all information on the 5x6 PRODUCT DISCREPANCY REPORT card (WJ Form # WJC-QA55-0) that was provided with the original shipment. Also ensure that the Return for Maintenance Authorization (RMA) number is recorded on the card. If this card is not available, attach a tag to the unit containing the following information:
 - a. Return for Maintenance Authorization (RMA) number.
 - b. The Watkins-Johnson Type/Model number of the equipment.
 - c. Serial number.
 - d. Date received.
 - e. Date placed in service.
 - f. Date of failure.
 - g. Warranty adjustment requested, yes or no.
 - h. A brief description of the discrepant conditions.
 - i. Customer name and return address.
 - Original Purchase Order/Contract number.
- Thoroughly seal the shipping container and mark it FRAGILE.
- 5. Ship to:

Watkins-Johnson Company 700 Quince Orchard Road Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878-1794 U.S.A

When storing the equipment for extended periods, follow the above packing instructions to prevent damage to the equipment. The safe limits for storage environment are:

Temperature: -40 to +70°C Humidity: less than 95%

ADDENDA MTF-100A, MTF-101 and MTF-102A

The following changes should be incorporated into the Instruction Manual for the MTF-100A, MTF-101 and MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames.

- 1. Section V Replacement Parts List
 - A. Paragraph 5.4.1 MTF-100A, Paragraph 5.4.2 MTF-101 and Paragraph 5.4.3 MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frames Main Chassis
 - 1) Change FL2 from: Part No. 2L250-210-0 to: Part No. 5B250-160/8-0. (Pages 5-6, 5-15, and 5-20)
- 2. Section VI Schematic Diagrams
 - A. Figure 6-1; Page 6-2; Type 76228 AFC/+150 V Power Supply (A1)
 - Add the following as the last sentence in note 5.
 E3 in these cases. The standard factory connection shall be E2 to E3."
 - B. Figure 6-3; Page 6-4; Type 76229 +6 V and +12 V Power Supply/AGC Amplifier (A3)
 - Add the following as the last sentence in note 6."...connect E2 to E1 and E4 to E6. The standard factory connection shall be E2 to E1 and E4 to E6.

9 January 1976 DLM:dwf

- 3. Section III Installation and Operation
 - A. Paragraph 3.2.6.8; Power/Control Interface Connections
 - 1) Change P/N from 23062-1 to 23068-1. (Page 3-8)

- 4. Section V Replacement Parts List
 - A. Paragraph 5.4.2; MTF-101 Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis
 - 1) Accessory External Cable Assembly to be furnished with the Equipment: CABLE ASSEMBLY; Qty. 1; Part No. 23068-1; Vendor Code 14632. (Page 5-18).
 - B. Paragraph 5.4.4; Type 76228 AFC +150 V Power Supply (A1 of MTF-100A and MTF-102A only).
 - 1) Change CR4 from: Part No. 1N5297 to: P/N 1N5296. (Page 5-27)
 - C. Paragraph 5.4.5; Type 76210-1 +15 V Power Supply (A2 of MTF-102A)
 - 1) Change RA1 from: Part No. 6103B to: RA1A: Part No. 6103C-TOP. (Page 5-31).
 - 2) Add RA1B: HEATSINK; Qty. 2; Part No. 6103B-BASE; Vendor Code 13103. (Page 5-31).
 - 3) Change RA2 from: Same as RA1 to: RA2A: Same as RA1A. (Page 5-31).
 - 4) Add RA2B: Same as RA1B. (Page 5-31).
- 5. Section VI Schematic Diagrams
 - A. Figure 6-1; Page 6-2; Type 76228 AFC/+150 V Power Supply (A1)
 - 1) Change CR4 from: Part No. 1N5297 to: P/N 1N5296.

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- 6. Section V Replacement Parts List
 - A. Paragraph 5.4.3; Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis.
 - 1) Change A4 from: IF COUPLER, P/N 791170; Vendor Code 14632 to: 160 MHz IF COUPLER; P/N 791448; Vendor Code 14632. (Page 5-20). Parts List shown on Page 5 of this addenda.
 - 2) Add A7: 21.4 MHz IF COUPLER; P/N 791449; Vendor Code 14632. (Page 5-20). Parts List shown on page 8 of this addenda.

- B. Paragraph 5.4.1; Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis.
 - 1) Change A4 from: IF COUPLER; P/N 791168; Vendor Code 14632 to: IF COUPLER: 160 MHz; P/N 791453; Vendor Code 14632. (Page 5-6). Parts List shown on page 10 of this addenda.
 - 2) Add A6: 21.4 MHz IF COUPLER; P/N 791449; Vendor Code 14632. (Page 5-6). Parts List shown on page 8 of this addenda.
 - 3) Change quantity of J5 from: 3 to: 2. (Page 5-8).
 - 4) Change J11 from: Same as J5 to: NOT USED. (Page 5-8).
 - 5) Change quantity of P1 from: 4 to: 5. (Page 5-8).
 - 6) Add P14: Same as P1. (Page 5-10).
- 7. Section VI Schematic Diagrams
 - A. Figure 6-10; Page 6-11; Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis.
 - 1) Change A4 from: 791170 to: 791448.
 - 2) Add A7: IF COUPLER; Type 791449.
 - 3) Due to the above changes, a 160 MHz signal monitor output capability is added and is available at jack A4J2 on the rear panel. In addition, reference designations for some output connectors have been changed as tabulated below. These changes must be taken in account when interpreting the installation procedures and maintenance information. Parts lists and schematics of the changes as outlined above are shown on pages 5 through 17 of this addenda.

CONNECTOR CHANGES

CONNECTOR	FORMER OUTPUT	PRESENT OUTPUT
FUNCTION	JACK	JACK
21.4 MHz IF OUT	A4J3	A7J1
21.4 MHz SM OUT	A4J2	A7J2
160 MHz IF OUT	A4J1	A4J1
160 MHz SM OUT	NONE	A4J2

Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org

- B. Figure 6-8; Page 6-9; Type MTF-100A Microwave Tuning Frame, Main Chassis.
 - 1) Change A4 from: 791168 to: 791453.
 - 2) Add A6: IF COUPLER; Type 791449.
 - Due to the above changes, 160 MHz and 21.4 MHz signal monitor output capabilities are added and are available at jacks A4J7 and A6J2 on the rear panel. In addition, reference designations for some output connectors have been changed as tabulated below. These changes must be taken in account when interpreting the installation procedures and maintenance information. Parts lists and schematics of the changes as outlined above are shown on pages 5 through 17 of this addenda.

CONNECTOR CHANGES

CONNECTOR FUNCTION	FORMER INPUT/ OUTPUT JACK	PRESENT INPUT/ OUTPUT JACK			
21.4 MHz IF OUT	J11	A6J1			
21.4 MHz SM OUT	NONE	A6J4			
160 MHz IF OUT	A4J1	A4J1			
160 MHz SM OUT	NONE	A4J7			
BAND 3 IF IN	A4J3	A4J3			
BAND 4 IF IN	A4J4	A4J4			

- 8. Section V Replacement Parts List
 - A. Paragraph 5.3; Page 5-1; List of Manufacturers.

2913 Quentin Road

Brooklyn, New York 11229

1) Add the following manufacturers:

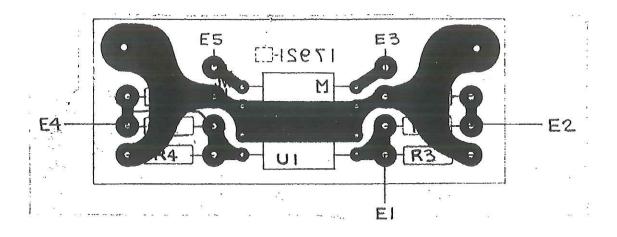
50021	Technical Research and Manufacturing Company RFD 3 Grenier Field Manchester, New Hampshire 03103
15542	Mini-Circuits Laboratory Division of Scientific Components Corporation

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RECM Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org 01121 01121 REF DESIG PREFIX A4A1 (MTF-102A Only) MFR 81349 81349 50021 MANUFACTURER'S PART NO. RCR07G910JS RCR07G750JS DL332QTY PER ASSY --0 Н RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 91 Q, 5%, 1/2 W RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 75 2, 5%, 1/2 W DESCRIPTION 3-WAY DIVIDER Same as R4 NOT USED REF DESIG Thru R4 R3R5R6U1

PART 17921-1 160 MHz IF COUPLER

	RECM		19505	C	Courtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org	
.02A Only	MFR CODE V	14632	80058 1	26805		
REF DESIG PREFIX A4 (MTF-102A Only)	MANUFACTURER'S PART NO.	17921-1	UG1094/U	2058-0000		
RE)	QTY PER ASSY	H	87	6/3		
TYPE 791448 160 MHz IF COUPLER	DESCRIPTION	160 MHz IF COUPLER	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, BNC SERIES	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, SMA SERIES	Same as J3	
	REF DESIG	A1	11	J3	₹ 74	7 . 82 .



Part 17921 IF Coupler (A4A1, A6A1, A7A1), Location of Components

REF DESIG PREFIX A6 (MTF-100A Only): REF DESIG PREFIX A7 (MTF-102A Only)

TYPE 791449 21.4 MHz IF COUPLER

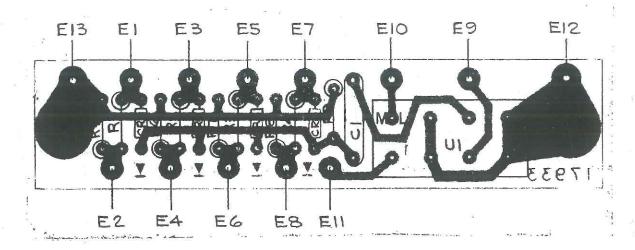
REF DESIG	DESĆRIPTION	QTY PER ASSY	MANUFACTURER'S PART NO.	MFR CODE	RECM VENDOR
A1	21.4 MHz IF COUPLER	1	17921-2	14632	
11	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, BNC SERIES	62	UG1094/U	80028	19505
J2	Same as J1	· ·			****
್ ೧	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, SMA SERIES	-	2058-0000	26805	Cour
					tesy
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					Radio
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	(or	1	C	Page 9
Only) Only)	RECM	01121	CC	ourtesy of http://BlackRadios.terryo.org
(MTF-100A Only (MTF-102A Only	MFR CODE	81349	50021	
DESIG PREFIX A6A1 DESIG PREFIX A7A1	MANUFACTURER'S PART NO.	RCR05B910JS RCR05G750JS	DL232	
REF	QTY PER ASSY	Ø H	Н	
PART 17921-2 21.4 MHz IF COUPLER	DESCRIPTION	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 91 2, 5%, 1/8 W RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 75 2, 5%, 1/8 W Same as R1	2-WAY DIVIDER	
	REF DESIG	R1 R2 R3	III	

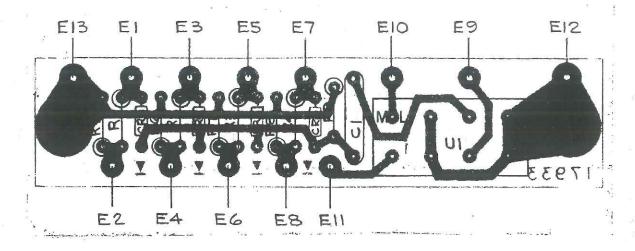
	RECM		С	ourt 19505	esy	of h	ttp://	/Bla	ckR	adios.terryo.org		
Only)	1	63 10			10	-			10		***************************************	
-100A	MFR CODE	14632		80028	26805				19505			
REF DESIG PREFIX A4 (MTF-100A Only)	MANUFACTURER'S PART NO.	17933 54-794-009-102W		UG1094/U	2058-0000				10-0104-002			,
RE	QTY PER ASSY	Н 4		4	ଷ	v	11		Н			
TYPE 791453 160 MHz IF COUPLER	DESCRIPTION	160 MHz IF COUPLER CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, FEEDTHRU: 1000 pF, GMV, 500 V	Same as C1	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, BNC SERIES	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, SMA SERIES	Same as J1	Same as J1	Same as J2	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, SMC SERIES	Same as J1		
	REF DESIG	A1	C2 Thru C4	IJ	J2	53	54	35	9£	77		e2 ¹

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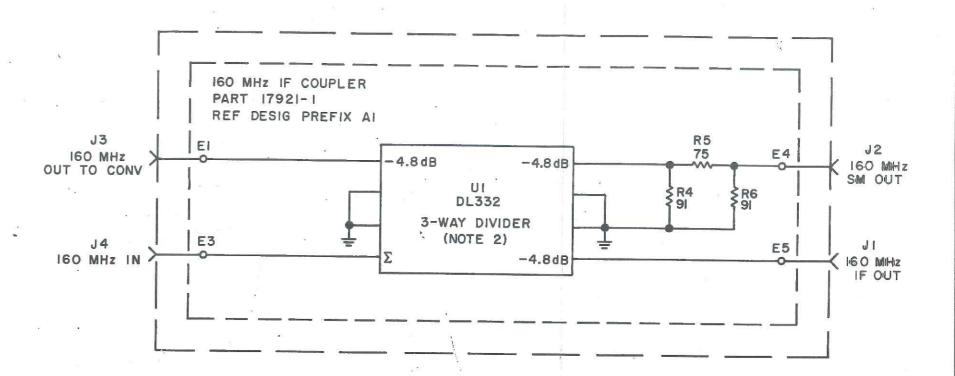
	≥0			C		esy of ht		3lacl	kRadios.terryo.org	Page II	
dy)	RECM VENDOR				01121		01121				
F-100A On	MFR	91418	04713		81349		81349	15542			
REF DESIG PREFIX A4A1 (MTF-100A Only)	MANUFACTURER'S PART NO.	$\mathrm{SM}(0.01\mu\mathrm{F},\mathrm{M})$	MPN3401	5	RCR07G102JS	3	RCR07G471JS	PSC-3-1			
REF	QTY PER ASSY	н	4	. 5	00	11	Н	Н			3
PART 17933 160 MHz IF COUPLER	DESCRIPTION	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, DISC: 0.01 µF, 20%, 500 V	DIODE	Same as CR1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 kg, 5%, 1/4 W	Same as R1	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470 0, 5%, 1/4 W	POWER SPLITTER, COMBINER			
	REF DESIG	C1 -	CR1	CR2 Thru CR4	R1	R2 Thru R8	R9	Th			 1 4 2



Part 17933 160 MHz IF Coupler (A4A1), Location of Components

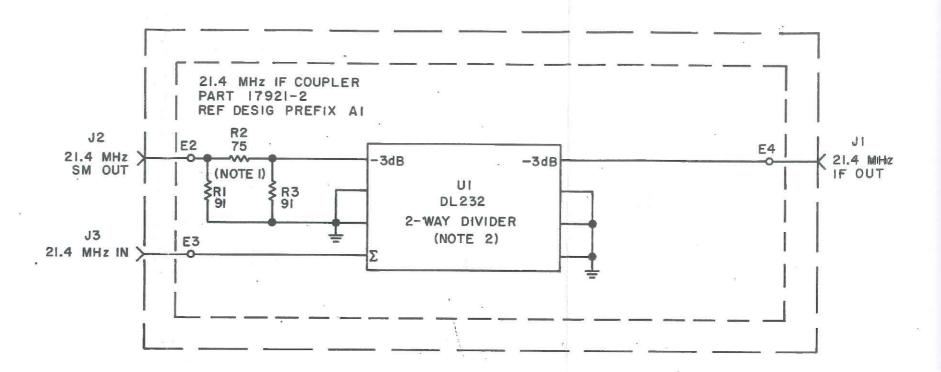


Part 17933 160 MHz IF Coupler (A4A1), Location of Components



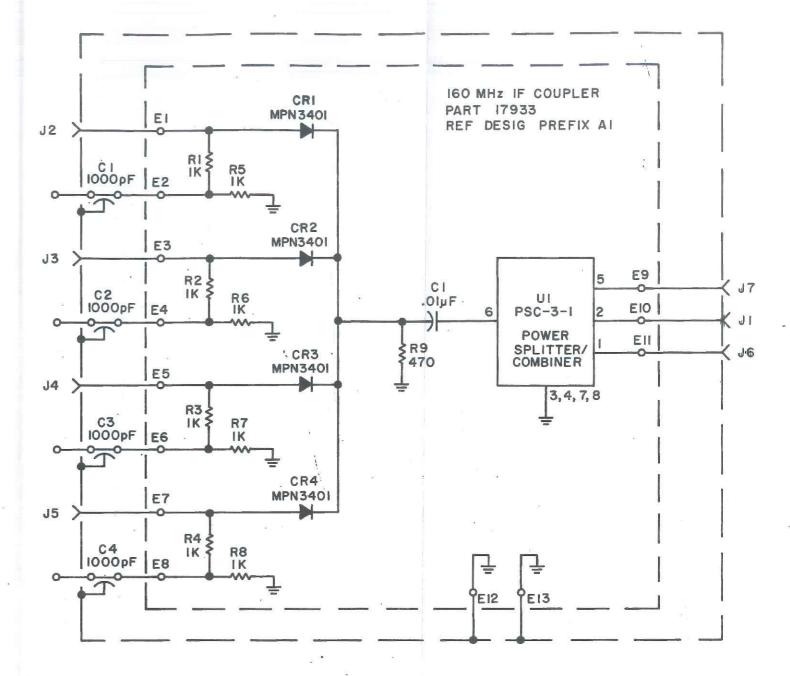
NOTES:

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±5%, 1/8 W.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT OF AIUI IS AS SHOWN IN THE SCHEMATIC (TOP VIEW).



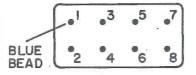
NOTES

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±5%, 1/8 W.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT OF ALUI IS AS SHOWN IN THE SCHEMATIC (TOP VIEW).



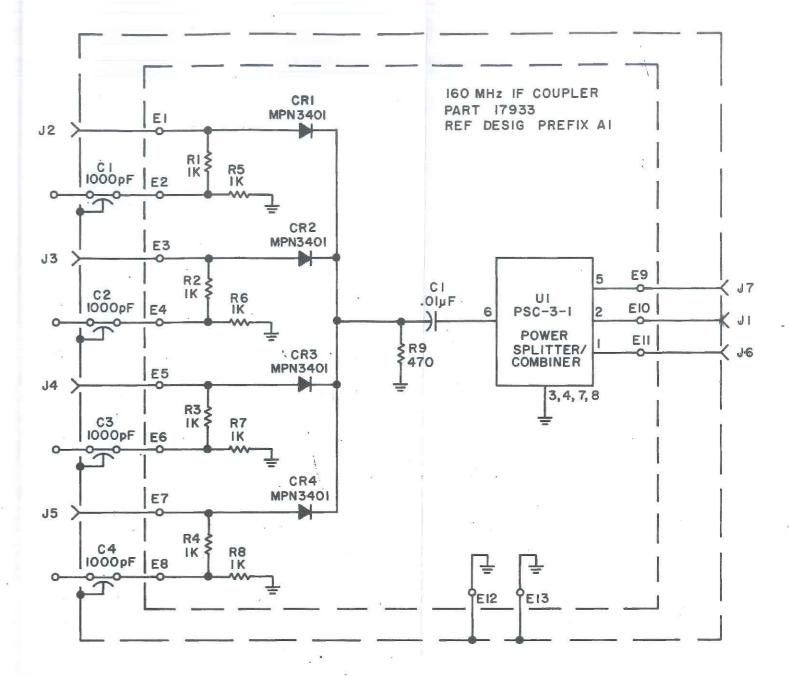
NOTES:

- I. RESISTANCE IS IN OHMS, ±5%, 1/4W.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT FOR AIUI IS SHOWN BELOW:



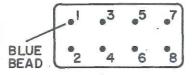
Type 791453 160 MHz IF Coupler, (A4), Schematic Diagram

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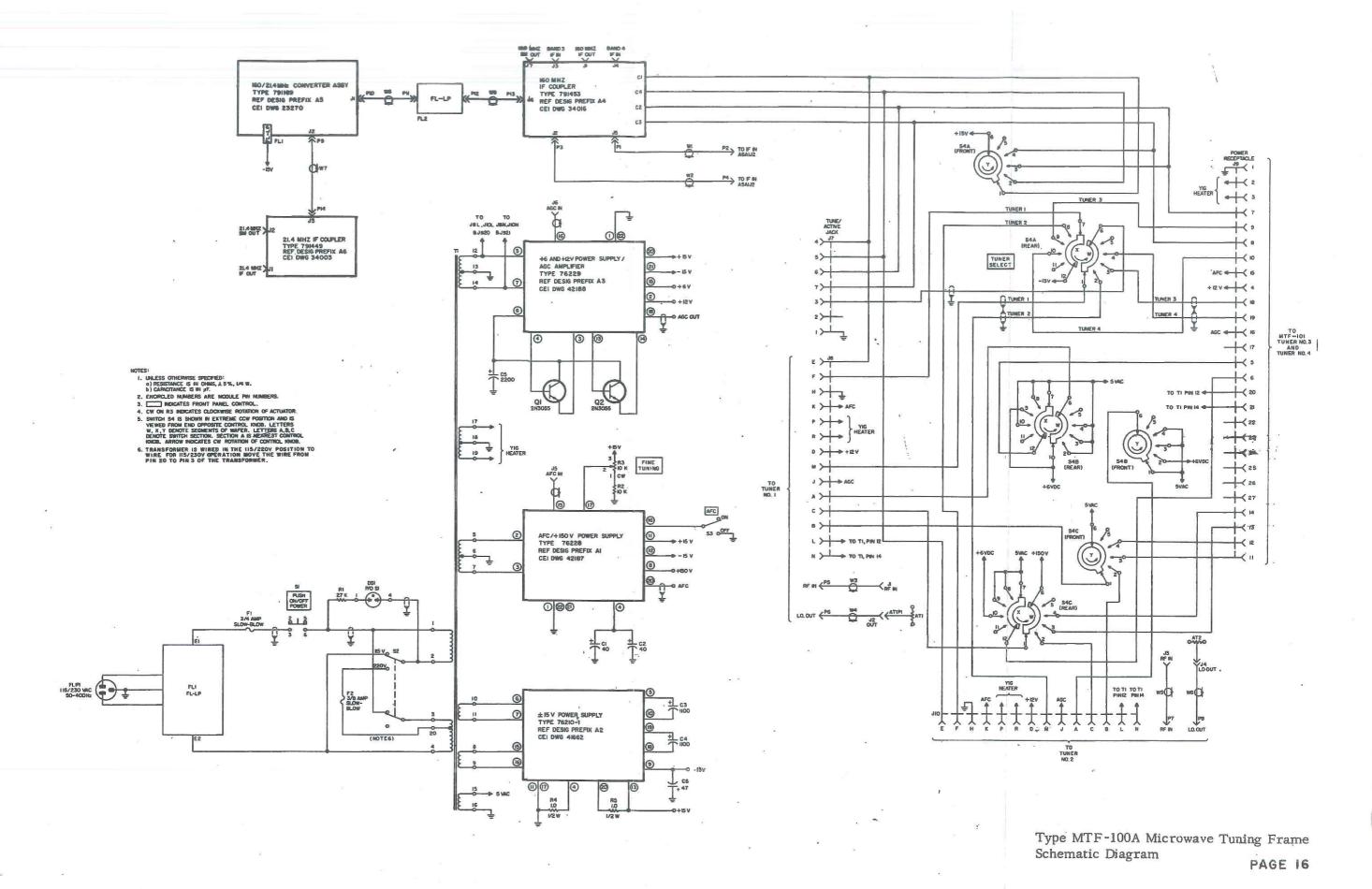
NOTES:

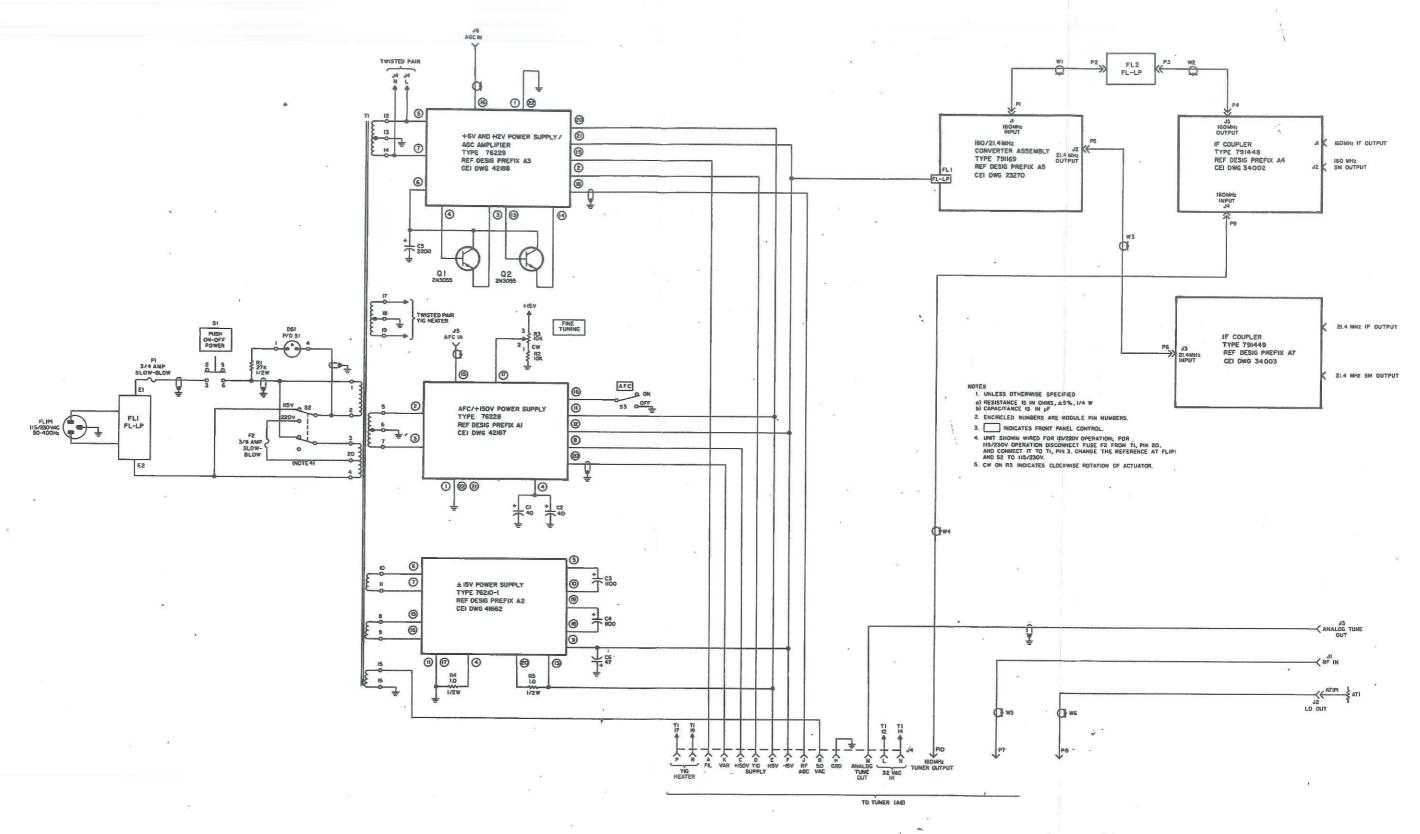
- I. RESISTANCE IS IN OHMS, ±5%, 1/4W.
- 2. PIN ARRANGEMENT FOR AIUI IS SHOWN BELOW:



Type 791453 160 MHz IF Coupler, (A4), Schematic Diagram

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Type MTF-102A Microwave Tuning Frame, Schematic Diagram

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